Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

JEFFERSON DAVIS is to visit Washington in a few days.

THE Philadelphia *Times* was twelve years old last Saturday.

KATIE ANDERSON, the victim of the Mt. Holly murder, died on Friday.

THE health of Ex-Vice President William A. Wheeler is failing rapidly.

IN London carpenters are paid $9.45 a week, against $21 paid in New York.

THE Huntingdon Daily *Local News*, last Saturday, entered upon the 2d year of its existence.

NEARLY $25,000,000 worth of candy was made in California last year. What a sweet state!

IRELAND'S wrongs are still the subject of many telegrams which come from across the water.

FOUR ex-governors live in Philadelphia. They are Pollock, Hartranft, Hoyt and Pattison.

PERHAPS the Administration will part with its Garland when the flowers bloom in the Spring tra la.

THE appointment of Myers as postmaster at Harrisburg is a defeat for Randall and a triumph for Scott.

SEE the very sweet and affectionate picture in the east side of the show window in A. J. Cruse's tobacco store.

JOHN SWINTON, author and labor reformer, was once rich, but he is now compelled to occupy apartments in a Brooklyn tenement house.

EMPEROR WILLIAM will be ninety years old this month. That's a good old age for a man who has had to get along with Bismarck as long as William has.

TO-DAY (Tuesday) the citizens of Altoona vote on a question as to whether a loan of $250,000 shall be granted the city for the improvement of the water system.

A SUCCESSFUL experiment of heating cars with exhaust steam from the engine has been made on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad in Connecticut.

SIX "decisively Republican" congressional districts, is what the committee on apportionment is after. And it looks as if they would get them without any "shoestring" manipulation.

THE Inter-State Commerce law goes into operation April 4, and the delay of the President in announcing the commission has caused some anxiety on the part of the railroad men.

MR. SHERMAN'S southern trip, he announces, has no political significance. And yet he has some warm friends who hope it may bring him a goodly crop of southern delegates in 1888.

MR. EDMUNDS is convinced that the republicans will win in 1888 if they have a good presidential candidate. And it is his conviction that Vermont can produce just such a candidate.

THERE is a growing conviction among thinking republicans in all parts of the country that the nomination of General Joseph R. Hawley as the republican candidate for president in 1888 would be a judicious step. True, he comes from a small state, but he is a big man and is popular in New York.

"WHAT lovely weather for Conference!" was the exclamation heard on the streets last Saturday. The meeting of conference is at a time of year when inclement weather usually prevails, which rendered the very fine weather of Friday and Saturday particularly agreeable to the many strangers who were in Bellefonte. Our town always presents its best appearance in fine weather.

REV. SAM SMALL prophesies that in less than five years the South will be solid for prohibition. Perhaps it will, if all the other states go as fast as Georgia. There 117 counties have no license, and only twenty allow the sale of liquor. The result, it will be noted, was obtained under a local option law, and not by the formation of a separate prohibition party. There is a remarkable revolution in progress in the south.

The Chief Judgeship.

The *Republican Advocate* of Wellsboro, Pa., advocates Judge Williams, of Tioga county, as a candidate for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. The article which brings him forth for that position is as follows:

We notice an article is being published as a communication in local papers about the commonwealth advocating Judge Mercur for re-election. The career of Judge Mercur is briefly sketched and then the question is asked, "Why should not Judge Mercur be renominated and re-elected?" This is a question which is easily answered. The expiration of his present term on the first Monday of January, 1888, will find Judge Mercur in his seventieth year; an age at which the laws of the United States and of several of the States provide for the retirement of Judges. Judge Strong of the Supreme Court of the United States voluntarily retired after passing the age of seventy, saying "he wanted to leave the bench before the imfirmities of old age rendered him incompetent to discharge its duties in the eyes of all men except himself." After reaching the age of seventy Judge Mercur should not be nominated and re-elected, because of his age.

But there is another reason. The constitution Art. 5 Sec. 2, provides that the Judges of the Supreme Court shall be seven in number, shall serve for twenty-one years if they so long behave themselves well "but shall not be again eligible." Five of the Judges elected since the adoption of the constitution are clearly within the letter of prohibition. Why are not the other two, of whom Judge Mercur is one, within its spirit? No Judge has been re-elected since the constitution was adopted, and it would be difficult to give a reason for the constitutional provision that would not apply as well to the Judges elected before 1874 as to those elected since. Here are at least two reasons why Judge Mercur should not be 'nominated and re-elected.' They do not reflect upon Judge Mercur's ability, his character or his past services They contemplate the inevitable effects of old age and look to the efficiency and vigor of those on whom the usefulness of the court of last resort must depend.

It would be more prudent for Judge Mercur to follow the example of that eminent Jurist, Justice Strong, and retire while his judicial record is one upon which his friends can look with pride, than seek at the age of seventy a re-election to a term of twenty-one years, of which, in all probability, he could usefully fill a very small part. The citizens of the Commonwealth ought to consider both the answers given above. Should a man be elected to a posit on requiring so much mental labor at the age of seventy? Should the constitutional provisions and the uniform usage since its adoption be disregarded. If the Commonwealth had no other man possessing the requisite qualifications perhaps the re-election of Judge Mercer might be considered, but we present for the succession, in the person of Judge Williams, a man thoroughly qualified, who is in the full vigor of all his powers and who will be, if elected, but little older at the time of the expiration of his term, than Judge Mercur is now. We think the true thing to do is to elect a man who has a reasonable chance of serving his term usefully, who will come fresh from the bench of the Common Pleas and who will bring with him to the discharge of his responsibilities the fruits of a large and a recent experience in the trial of causes before a jury. Such a man we present to the profession and the public in the President Judge of the 4th Judicial district, and we can see no reason why he should not be "nominated and elected" to fill the vacancy to result from the expiration of Judge Mercur's term.

Keep Quiet.

Some of our Democratic exchanges, among them the Lock Haven *Democrat*, are predicting a financial panic in the Spring. This seems to be adding insult to injury. It is almost too much for a patient, long-suffering people to bear. The country has not yet recovered from the effects of the last panic which they precipitated on the country.

When Cleveland was elected President the most crushing and lasting panic of our history was caused and its effects in the low wages of workmen, diminished price of agricultural products, and in a thousand other ways are still too painfully real. And now to predict another panic is absolutely exasperating and cruel.

The cause they allege to be the failure of the last Congress to reduce the surplus. The Republicans endeavored by the passage of fortification and pension bills to reduce this surplus, but the Democrats prevented the measures.

But we are hopeful. We believe the country will survive all its bad management of three years past; and do not look for a panic, even when the swallows nest again. The indications are increasing daily that James G Blaine will be the next President, and this approaching event will restore the stability of business and all our institutions. Therefore, we say to our Democratic exchanges—keep quiet! Don't predict evil; and if you cannot take a rosy view of the signs of the times—talk about the weather, and then you will do no harm.

Let Them Alone.

For some inexplicable reason it has entered into the "mind" of the press of the country that all the ministerial gatherings now in session in the country should send messages of condolence to Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher in this her hour of mourning.

Why it is encumbent upon them to do so we cannot conceive. It should be left entirely to the taste and discrimination of the gentlemen who compose the ministerial gatherings, and it is entirely out of place for the press to criticise them if they decline to do so. Why should it be necessary in this particular instance? It is seldom that such conventions meet without one or more deaths of ministers happening some place in the United States, and it is always a question of taste whether the fact shall be noticed in this way.

But, exclaims some one, Mr. Beecher was a great and good man. Perhaps he was; it is not now proper to discuss that point. But with many persons he was considered sensational rather than learned, and they have a right to their opinion, and while they may condole with friends they are justifiable in not making this instance of death more conspicuous than others by calling public attention to it. Therefore, we advise our friends, the press, that they are exceeding their usefulness when they attempt to criticise the ministers.

THE Blair Educational bill failed to pass the House of Representatives and the Democratic party must take the responsibility for the failure. It passed the Republican Senate during the first session of the Forty-ninth Congress, as it had passed the same body in the previous Congress. The Southern states, which would have been benefited mainly by this measure, can now go on with the hopeless struggle against ignorance in that section. For instance, it was shown recently that in Abbeville, N. C., the teachers were paid $20, $15 and $10 a month for three or four months' service each year, and that this was as heavy a tax for educational purposes as the people are able to bear. What progress can be made with such facilities in instructing the rising generation can be readily estimated. But the South lent itself to all sorts of crimes in order to elevate the Democratic party to power, and if it is getting the result in the niggardly policy of that party it has only itself to blame

A REAL live prince, Alexander of Battenberg, the late ruler of Bulgaria, will visit this country next winter. He will spend a month in Washington. The object of his visit is to secure a wife from among the pretty American girls of whom he has heard so much. The announcement has created a flutter of excitement in society circles. The prince would not object to finding a wife worth a substantial dowry, or a million or so in her own right, but after all he wishes it understood that beauty is the principal consideration. The prince unfortunately is poor, but what he lacks in this respect is made up in good looks. He is said to be one of the handsomest men in Europe. He is about 30 years of age, and during his reign in Bulgaria proved himself both a statesman and a warrior of no mean pretentions.

ROBERT J. BURDETTE says: "There is so much money in the lectures that they draw me more and more away from the desk, sordid man that I am. You see the difference between "spoken" and "written" literature? A lecture that no magazine would pay me $100 for has lasted nearly ten years, is still in demand, and is worth four or five hundred dollars a year. And yet that lecture has been published in book form, ever since the first year of its delivery."

GOVERNOR LEE, of Virginia, is afraid that William Mahone is organizing some new scheme to defeat the Democracy of that state and secure his return to the Senate. The Bourbons have belittled General Mahone so long and so enthusiastically that this change in their tune partakes considerably of the nature of a surprise party.

Not Decided Yet

That big Baltimore and Ohio deal appears at present considerably like a flash in the pain. The sum total of the story now appears to be that the negotiations have resulted in an option on the controlling interest in the Baltimore and Ohio, with regrad to which there are two elements of doubt; first, as to whether the goods can be delivered; second, as to whether a combination of capitalists can be found of sufficient magnitude to rehablitate the bankrupt Reading and hand e the Richmond Terminal and Baltimore and Ohio systems together.

The mere report is, of course, an indication of what the rage for railway consolidation can grow to, unless some check on it is developed either by legislative reform, or by a perception of the possibility that these immense combinations can be made so unwieldly as to fall to pieces of their own weight. The suspicion that this is a movement to bind all the trunk lines under a single control is strenuously denied. Yet as this is the one objectionable element in the transaction so far as the public is concerned, the matter will be regarded with a large amount of disfavor until its character is defined beyond a question of doubt.

Most certainly, if there is any proepect of consolidating all the transportation business of the East under a single control, there will be a call for more radical railway regulation on the part of the Government than has yet been contemplated.

THE New York *Tribune* takes the following view of the late municipal elections in New Jersey: "New Jersey local elections make it clear that New Jersey voters do not approve the party which tried to steal a seat in the United States Senate by opening a ballot box and changing the votes. Democratic journals are sadly reporting Republican gains in all parts of the State, with only a stray scrap of encouragement for them in a township or two where Republicans were divided. In Mercer the Republicans elected all the freeholders; in Essex they elected twenty and the Democrats only five; in Democratic Monmouth, the result is mixed, the Republicans gaining; in Union the board will be composed of twelve Republicans carrying Summit, Clark, Crawford and other townships. In Englewood the Republicans elected George H. Dutton freeholder by 124, a remarkably large majority, and all their other township candidates except one. On the whole the election shows that the Democratic party is not gaining strength in that State."

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph* says: "The political committees that have to bear the burden of the poll tax will rejoice in the passage of an amendment to the Constitution abolishing all such taxes and making suffrage free. The difficulties in the way of the adoption of the amendment offered by Senator Cooper will not grow out of opposition to the abolition of the poll tax so much as out of opposition to a number of other and minor features which have been unnecessarily introduced into it. If the free suffrage clause is submitted as an independent proposition there is no doubt of its adoption. Weighted down with the little things, such as residence and registration, now covered by our election laws, it is in danger of defeat when submitted to a vote of the people. Better strip it of all such surplusage, and let it stand upon its own merits."

MORE than two hundred ministers of the Gospel assembled in our town should produce a very great impression for good. We hope this will be the case, for the true and undefiled religion of which St. James speaks is at about as low an ebb in our town as seems to be possible. It would seem that where two hundred devoted, consecrated men are assembled, saying a word here, doing an act there which they, as earnest Christians must necessarily do, the result should be the conviction and conversion of many souls. Every Christian should pray that this may be the result. It is a golden opportunity—do not let it pass.

THERE is a singular resemblance in the names of the two gentlemen who figure in connection with the new appointment of postmaster at Jersey Shore. John E. Potter resigned and Chas. H. Pott is appointed to his place. It would have been better if Potter had succeeded Pott, rather than the way it did happen. Because if older is the comparative of old, Potter is certainly the comparative of Pott, and the next appointed should be Mr. Pottest.

Courts and Liquor Licenses.

By a recent decision of the Supreme Court is expressly ruled that the granting of a license to sell liquor is a matter of discretion; that the Judge is to hear petitions in favor of, and remonstrances against the application, and in all cases to refuse the same whenever, having due regard to the number and character of the petitioners and the remonstrants, such license is not necessary for the accommodation of the public. In other words, the whole question turns upon "public necessity," and the Legislature has prescribed the method by which this necessity shall be ascertained. The citizens of the district, both men and women, are entitled to be heard on this question; and the Court, in determining it, must have due regard to the number and character of those who are entitled to be heard.

Judge Cummin, of Williamsport, has just delivered an opinion in a contested license case in which he takes a very clear and comprehensive view of the duty of the Courts of the Commonwealth under the discretion granted them by law. The applicant, to begin with, sets forth that he is a person of good repute for honesty and temperance; that he has the accommodation required by law, and that his house is necessary to accommodate the public and to entertain strangers and travelers. A remonstrance must traverse all or some of the facts alleged. The questions to be determined, therefore, do not rest upon sentiment, morality or expediency but on facts.

The first and second points, being susceptible of positive proof, are easily disposed of, but the third point—the necessity of the tavern—how shall it be determined? Judge Cummin approached this issue by remarking that the Court has no authority to say whether it would or would not be better that intoxicating liquors should be sold at that particular place, being restricted to the question whether such licensed house is necessary for the accommodation of the public. This fact must be determined, not simply by the numbers petitioning and remonstrating, but by their character and their probable knowledge of the subject on which they speak, being citizens of the township, ward or borough. As a further means for enabling the Court to arrive at a just conclusion, Judge Cummin requires that in all suspended applications affidavits must be filed setting forth the number of lodgings and meals furnished during the preceding year, holding that with such proof the question of necessity would be of easy solution.

Under this just and reasonable view of the duties of the Courts and the requirements of the license laws, the number of mere drinking-saloons might be reduced to a minimum wherever the people of the district thought it worth while to hold them in check.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

THE question is broached as to the advisability of turning Uncle Samuel Randall out of Congress. It can be done by changing his district, but shall not the Republicans be generous and leave Randall's district as now constituted? We really believe it would be well to do so, just to give our enemies a chance and because Mr. Randall is a protectionist. As a protectionist he is very useful. But in the settlement of this question the legislators should be governed by the opinion of the citizens of Philadelphia.

A. B. HOECKLEY, city editor of the Philadelphia *Press*, has sued the Philadelphia *Times* for libel. The suit is in consequence of a publication in the *Times* that Mr. Hoeckley received money from gamblers as a consideration for withholding attacks in the *Press* on gambling houses. When the Philadelphia editors cannot get any other person to sue them for libel they hire one of their own number to do it.

THERE is probably no truth in the report that Speaker Carlisle proposes to quit Congress at the close of his present term and take up his residence in Kansas. In the first place, we do not believe that Mr. Carlisle is that sort of a man, and, in the next place, we know that Kansas is not a Carlisle sort of state.

THIS paper was one that did not publish the extensive telegram about the Baltimore and Ohio railroad deal, and now that it is proven to be false we are glad that we did not waste space in giving it.

GENERAL NOTES

John Fink, aged 34, of Columbia, Pa., was struck by a train and decapitated.

Capt. Jas. B. Eads, just dead, has a stepmother living in Laporte, Ind., who supports herself by sewing.

E. H Abbott, defaulting Supreme Secretary of the Royal Templars of Temperance, at Buffalo, has made restitution of all but $1,918.

Mrs. Harriet Hazzard, mother of Col. Chill Hazzard, died at his home, in Monongahela City, on Thursday morning. She was aged 70 years.

The dry goods clerks of Chicago are going to petition the Legislature of Illinois to pass a law forbidding the opening of business houses on Sunday.

The Bay State Club, Democratic organization of Boston, gave its annual dinner at the Revere House. Speaker Carlisle was the orator of the occasion.

McGovern & Bro., of Tyrone, have contracted to build eighty-two coke ovens for the Gallitzin Coke Company. They expect to be completed in about thirty days.

At New Orleans, on Saturday night, Ery Smith, colored, was stabbed to death by Thos Roche, who figured in politics in that city during Gov. Kellogg's administration.

Two operators of the Japanese telegraph bureau in the communications department will be dispatched to Germany in order to complete their studies in subtelegraphy

That rarity among animals, a white weasel, was killed recently near Tuscola, Ill. The only variation from a pure white was one inch at the end of the tail, which was jet black.

The Hebrew chronicle, by an eye-witness, of the expulsion of the Jews from Spain, discovered in the East by Dr. Harkavy, of St. Petersburg, has been acquired by the Bodleian Library.

Rev. Rhys C. Davies, a Welch minister died on Saturday at his residence, No. 622 Preble avenue, Pittsburgh. He was 64 years of age. The remains were taken to Johnstown for interment.

Pere Monsabre, the great French pulpit orator, is preaching the Lenten sermons in the Cathedral of Notre Dame, Paris. The audiences are the largest since the time of Lacordaire.

Mrs. Margaret Turney, aged 95 years, fell with an attack of vertigo on last Thursday and fractured her thigh. She lives with her daughter in Greensburg. She cannot recover. She is the mother of ex-Congressman Jacob Turney.

A large furniture establishment in South Williamsport, formerly the property of the Luppert & Kline Furniture Company, lately operated by George Luppert, burned early Sunday morning. The loss is about $90,000; insurance, $21,000.

A piece of gold ore about the size of a baby's fist, found near Alexander City, Ala., was recently sold in New York for $22. A large amount of this ore has been found in the Tallapora hills, and owners are holding their land at a high figure.

King Oscar, of Sweden, has written a drama, "Le Chasseur de Kronburg," which will shortly be produced at the theater at Buda Pesth. It is in one act and founded on an episode of the war between Sweden and Denmark in the seventeenth century.

George Logan, the son of a prominent farmer of Pennsville, Westmoreland county, together with a tramp, was arrested Saturday morning and placed in jail in default of $500 bail, charged with robbing the jewelry store of William Barr, of Mt. Pleasant.

James G. Blaine, Jr., after a pleasant experience of several months in the financial and commercial departments of the Pittsburgh *Times*, has severed his connection with the paper and gone to New York to enter the office of a prominent Wall street broker.

By a recent change in the Indiana county Court House the jury box has been removed from the traditional corner at the side of the building and placed in front of the judge and witnesses. A good move that might be imitated with advantage in all the other counties.

They tell in Lewiston, Me., of an oysterman whose "saloon" used to be on Maine street, and who was the slowest man in the State. One day he died and soon after a citizen said to Erastus, the oysterman's son: Erastus, your father died rather sudden, didn't he?" 'Well, yes," said Erastus, "sudden for him."

Three distinct earthquake shocks were felt in Colerain township, in the neighborhood of Rainsburg, Bedford county, about 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon a week The shocks were violent enough to cause windows and doors to rattle, and were accompanied with a dull rumbling sound like distant thunder. The vibrations were from east to west.

Mrs Henry Wood's grave is in Highgate Cemetery, near those of George Eliot, Parepa Rosa, Frederic Maurice, George Vandenhooff, H. Crabb Robinson, Alaric A. Watts, Lord Lyndhurst, and the father, mother and little daughter of Charles Dickens. Near by, also, is the tomb of Wombwell, the famous menageric showman, surmounted by a full-sized lion in marble.

A messenger boy from Commodore Bateman's Wall street office was sent out the other day to hunt up Mr. Harvey Durand, with the message that Commodore Bateman wanted to see him. The youth returned and reported that Mr. Durand was in Delmonico's. "Anybody with him?" asked the Commodore. 'Yes, sir," replied the lad' "a gentleman and six brokers.

REV. BISHOP H. W. WARREN,
Presiding Officer of M. E. Conference.

The Nineteenth

Annual Session of the Central Penna. M. E. Conference.

HOW THE CONFERENCE IS CONSTITUTED.

The Central Pennsylvania Conference of the M. E. church had at the close of the last session 218 members. Since Conference four members have died. Revs. Justus A. Melick, John F. Craig, William Gwynn, and Thomas O Clees.

There are 84 of these ministers who are supernumerary—that is who are temporarily without pastoral charges, and 14 superannuated ministers, that is those who are "worn out" in the service. The rest are denominated effective, who are in charge of some circuit or station. The meeting of an annual Conference is a season of unusual interest and solemnity. The name of every minister must be called and the question answered, "Is there anything against him?"

If there is anything against him then and there is the time to make it known. This part of the Conference business is called "the passage of character." No man can receive an appointment to a pastoral charge until his character passes publicly before the Conference.

If charges are preferred against a minister, a court of trial is organized of from 9 to 15 ministers who try the case privately and report their finding to the Conference.

As a general thing, these trials are very infrequent in this Conference. Its members are good men against whom very little can be alleged. There are five districts in the Conference, viz., Altoona, Danville, Harrisburg, Juniata and Williamsport, each superintended by an officer called a Presiding Elder, who exercises a careful supervision over all the ministers of the district.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

Quite an enthusiastic and spirited temperance meeting was held in the Methodist Episcopal church Wednesday evening, Rev. T. S. Wilcox, A. M., of Harrisburg, presiding. The devotional services were conducted by Rev. G. W. Ferguson, of York. The 248th hymn, "All hail the the power of Jesus' name," was sung, after which prayer was offered.

The Rev. J. M. Thoburn, D. D., of the South India Conference, was introduced He remarked that in heathen lands the missionary was put on the defensive on the temperance question. The saloon was imported about the same time as Christianity, and in the minds of those heathen Cristianity was held responsible for this curse. There are three classes in India: Hindoos, Mohammedans and Devil worshipers. The first two classess are mainly temperate, but the third class frequently indulge in intoxicating liquors.

There are various methods of making liquors and the privilege of selling liquor is sold out each year, and the revenue to support the government is derived from the sale of liquors. He said they met the case there as we must do here, by showing that Christianity has nothing to do with introducing the saloon into the community. The vices of civilization have to be confronted every where. The printing press is used as a powerful agency of evil in India. India imports her greatest vices. Some of them from China and some of them from Christianity. With the exception of the American smoking car the opium dens of India are the worst places I ever saw. His prophesy of the triumph of Christianity was couched in language beautiful and encouraging

Rev. R H Gilbert was introduced and in terse and vigorous sentences characterized the business of making, selling and using intoxicating liquors as sin.

He indicted the business.

1st, as Suicide and

2d, as Manslaughter –

3d, as Massacre – the slaughter of masses of human beings.

Such the inherent sin of intemperance, such its effects, widening out into the hearts and homes of the land. Contemplating these, my brethren, we see our imperious duty to labor for the total prohibition of this entire sinful traffic. This is the ultimate goal to reach. We must have faith in our work—Total abstinance for the individual; Total prohibition by the state. He was attentively listened to and was quite earnest in his presentation of his subject.

FIRST DAY—THURSDAY, MARCH 10.

The members of the Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church met in their nineteenth annual session in the M. E. church in Bellefonte, Rev. Bishop H. W. Warren, D. D., LL.D., presiding.

While the members were assembling the familiar Hymn "Come thou fount of every blessing," was sung

Precisely at 9 o'clock the Bishop commenced the Devotional Services by reading parts of the tenth chapter of Luke and 14th of 2d Corinthians.

The 798th hymn, "And are we yet alive?" was sung and the Bishop led in prayer—

Just as the Bishop rose and greeted his brethren "in the name of the Lord" the sun broke forth in his glory, as an omen of blessing. The Bishop predicted a good time with the brethren. Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D, Secretary of the last conference, called the roll and 146 members responded. The Bishop announced the transfer of Joseph W. Bedford from the West Virginia to this conference.

Rev. D. S. Monroe D. D., was on nomination of George Leidy, unanimously, elected Secretary, with the priveleze of naming his assistants. He nominated W. W. Evans as recorder, T. S. Wilcox and W. A. Carver assistant secretaries and E. T. Swartz statistical secretary.

The nominations were then unanimously confirmed.

E. T. Swartz nominated P. P. Strawinski and E. H. Witman assistant statistical secretaries, who were confirmed.

The list of standing committees was read, and on motion it was resolved that the Presiding Elders and secretaries were authorized to make any necessary changes in these committees.

Rev. Drs. J. C. Hartzell, of the Freedmen's Aid Society, and M. D. Buell, of the Boston School of Theology, and J. W. Bedford were introduced to the Conference.

The Bishop announced the transfer of J. W. Bedford to this Conference.

8:30 o'clock a. m. and 12:00 m. were fixed as the hours of meeting and adjourning; the first half to be occupied by devotional services.

The front of the 4th window from the pulpit was fixed as the bar of the Conference.

On motion of James Curns the rules of the last Conference were adopted for the government of the Conference at this session.

The XXth question of the General Minutes, viz., "Was the character of each preacher examined?" was called.

The character of Rev. Geo. Leidy, Presiding Elder of the Altoona District, was passed and he read his report.

After some discussion, it was finally resolved that when the effective elders reported they should as heretofore report the amount of their Missionary collection, and whether the other benevolent collections were taken and whether they were or were not up to the amounts apportioned to them.

The characters of the following effective elders were passed: W. V. Ganoe, Samuel Creighton, J. B. Shaver, W. R. Whitney, D. S. Monroe, George Guyer, J. H. Black, D. H. Shields, Owen Hicks, N. B. Smith, W. F. D. Noble, J. H. Mc Lord, J. A. DeMoyer, Elisha Shoemaker, J. B. Akers, E. W. Wonner, W. A. Carver, A. W. Guyer, E. H. Witman, Isaac Heckman, W. W. Evans, J. B. Graham, G. D Penepacker, J. A. Mattern, G. W. Bowman, J. K Lloyd, W. W. Reese and J. R. Hykes.

Danville District was called. The character of M. L. Ganoe, the Presiding Elder, was passed and he read his report.

The characters of the following were passed, they reporting as required by the conference:

A. S. Bowman, H. S. Mendenhall, A. M. Barnitz, E. H. Yocum, F. B. Riddle, J. W. Buckley, A. W. Decker, Richard Hinkle James Hunter, J. K. Fisher, H. B. Fortner, N. H. Smith, W. S Hamlin, T. H. Tubbs, John Donahue, W. Moses, Jonathan Guldin, J. D. W. Deavor, M. L. Drum, G. V. Savidge, B. P. King, A. B. Hooven, G. W. Stevens, S. M. Frost, W. H. Keith, John Horning, G. M. Larned, R. E. Wilson, D. B. McCloskey, E. M Chilcoat, J. S. Beyer, G. H. Day, H. A. Curran, A. M. Barnitz.

The character of J. W. Bedford, of the Altoona District, was passed.

Rev. J. C. Hartzell, D.D., of the Freedmen Aid Society, then addressed the conference in the interests of that society.

He stated that 20 years ago there was no educational institution of our church south of the Ohio river. Now we have 41 such institutions with nearly 200 teachers and nearly 7,000 students. Our church and educational interests have had a marvelous development. Since the victory at Appomatox, we have built more than 3,000 churches in slave territory south of Maryland. These millions of people look to our Freedmen's Aid schools to supply ministers for all these pulpits. This work is in America. This thought should be emphasized. The Christian church must do more to save America than ever before.

We have seven million of colored people in America—and there are 500 colored children born in every 24 hours. In 15 years there will be more colored votes in 8 Southern States than whites—and the negro vote is going to be counted after while—and unless we educate them adequately this vote will be counted against our Protestant Christianity.

No more important work has ever been before the Christian church than that which presents itself in this southern territory.

Prof. M. D. Buell of Boston school of Theology, addressed the conference in the interest of education for the ministry. Most eloquently did he plead with the ministers to urge young men to seek the best mental training they can secure as preparing them for the highest usefulness in the church and the world.

He closed by requesting the brethren to call the attention of the candidates for the ministry to the advantages of our school of theology.

Rev. Dr. J. M. Thoburn, missionary from India, addressed the Conference in the interests of foreign missions.

He was looking for men for missionaries to India.

The time of the session was, on motion, extended.

Ten o'clock to-morrow was fixed as the time for considering the change of basis in the representation to General Conference.

A draft of $30 on the chartered fund was reported.

The report of Rev. E. J. Gray, D. D., president of William-port Dickinson Seminary, was read and referred to the committee on Dickinson Seminary. Several papers were presented and appropriately referred to committees.

Announcements were made. The doxology was sung, and the benediction was pronounced by Bishop Warren

FOREIGN MISSIONS.

The Anniversary of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society was held in the M. E. church of this place on Thursday afternoon, Rev. J. B. Young, A. M., of Harrisburg presiding. Rev. Richard Hinkle conducted the devotional services. Rev. J. M. Thoburn, D. D., missionary from India, was introduced and delivered an address of an hour in length describing graphically the wants and woes of that great land. He plead for more female missionaries and more money. He said that $2,000,000 were needed now for immediate use in spreading the Gospel, and that if only one missionary even were sent to that land to every million of inhabitants it would take 350 missionaries.

At the close of his address he said that for the last 25 years he had been learning how to do work for Christ among those peoples and the ambition of his life now was to go and spend the next 25 years in work. His previous experience he regarded as simply his missionary apprenticeship. At the close of his address a beautiful solo, "Cast thy bread upon the waters," was sung. A collection was taken, the doxology was sung, and the meeting closed with prayer by the chairman.

FREEDMEN'S AID ANNIVERSARY.

The Anniversary of the Freedmen's Aid Society was held in the M. E. church at 7:30 o'clock Thursday evening, Rev. R. S. Wilson presiding. Rev. John Donahue conducted the devotional exercises. After a beautiful voluntary by the choir Rev. J. C. Hartzell, D D., was introduced and commenced by alluding to the history of the struggle which resulted in the freedom of the colored people.

With Appomattox a New South began. All the prophecies of the Old Slave power were falsified. Free labor has developed wealth in the New South which was never dreamed of before. The development of the county in the New South is startling, in agriculture, in the mining and manufacture, and in railways, the development has been marvelous.

In three days 13,000 miles of railroad were changed from the narrow to the standard guage, so as to admit the cars and locomotives of the North to develop the commerce of this New South.

Freedom has given new thought to the South.

Before the war it was a penitentiary offence to teach a colored person to read; now there are more than a million of colored children in the schools.

Freedom has changed the civilization of the South.

Freedom is the God appointed condition of every people, white or colored.

They said the negro race would die out if made free. The facts are that from four and a half millions have increased to seven millions since the war.

They said the negro will not work. Freedom has falsified this. There is 100 millions of dollars worth of taxable property in the banks of the New South.

In Boston there is a colored man who followed Sherman to the sea bootless and hatless; now he is a prosperous business man selling clothing to the aristocrats on Beacon Hill.

One of the most encourging facts in this whole southern question is the colored mothers.

Twenty three years ago a broken hearted little boy came into the Yankee lines with his mother.

To-day this boy is a member of the last General Conference and is now a member of the Book Committee of the M. E. church.

What is the relation of the M. E church to the education of the people of the South?

Very intimate, indeed. The church sent more soldiers to the field than any other.

One-fourth of our clergy and membership in this country is in the old slave territory and the sooner the Methodist Episcopal church understands her duty to this race the better.

The great conflict between the two civilizations is the negro and his rights.

The position of the church is that no person shall be excluded from any of our churches and schools on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude. And this position is right. The speaker closed with a thrilling prophecy of the future of the church and her work for this once down trodden race.

Rev. A. R. Cronce, by request, favored the audience with a beautiful solo of his own selection.

Rev. A. R. Miller was then called upon, who in a few well chosen and appropriate words, yielded the floor to Rev. Dr. Morrow, agent of the Bible Society.

In the year 1800 the Bible was found in 60 languages; in 1887 the Bible was found in 287 languages. In the year 1800 not more than 4,000,000 of copies were upon the face of the earth; now the number of copies of the Holy Scriptures is simply beyond ready computation.

Nineteen years ago a Protestant minister had his own pocket Testament taken from him. Now there is a building under the very shadow of the Vatican where the Holy Scriptures are sold.

In Madrid, when Queen Isabella was driven out, there was a Colporteur with a cart load of Bibles ready to go in.

We have reason to believe that there are more than 150,000,000 of Bibles in the world—beacons of light and joy to many souls darkened by sin.

There are difficulties in the way of spreading the Bible, but they can be overcome.

Brethren, give your aid in spreading this glorious Book.

The meeting closed with the Doxology and benediction.

SECOND DAY—FRIDAY.

A prayer meeting of half an hour preceded the business session. At 9 o'clock the Bishop called the conference to order.

The minutes of yesterday's session were read and approved.

On motion of D. S. Monroe the committee on General Conference expenses appointed at the last conference, was continued and the amounts already collected were ordered to be placed in their hands.

The statistical secretary was called forward and read the names of those charges from which no report or incorrect reports have been received. We note that there has been a marked improvement in the reports since last Conference.

The XXth question of the General Minutes, "Was the character of each preacher examined?" was called.

The character of H. C. Pardoe was passed and he read his report.

The characters of the following effective elders were passed, they reporting as required:

R L Armstrong, B B Hamlin, M L Smyser, J F Anderson, J T Wilson, G A Singer, J Vrooman, J C Brown, S A Creveling, S W Sears, B C Conner, James Eckersley, P T Eyer, J W Fright, A R Cronce, J P Benford, P P Strawinski, R H Colburn, J M Lantz, W M Frysinger, Silas C Swallow, W C Hesser, J B Young, J P Moore, Samuel Ham, B F Stevens J Y Shannon, E E A Deavor, J R Dunkerly, B H Mosser, W G Ferguson, O S Metzler, H C Whiting, W W Carhart.

The character of T. S Wilcox, Superintendent of the Central Pennsylvania M. E. Book Room at Harrisburg, was passed and he read his report of the affairs of the book room.

Rev. Dr. James Morrow, agent of the Pennsylvania Bible Society, was introduced and addressed the conference.

On motion all resident pastors and visiting brethren were invited to seats within the Bar of conference.

The hour often o'clock having arrived the order of the day was taken up, viz., the consideration of the following.

574 *Discipline*:

Resolved, That the Bishops be instructed to submit to the Annual Conference for their approval or disapproval during the year 1887 a proposal to change 32 of 71 of the Discipline. So that it shall read as follows:

"They shall not allow of more than one Ministerial Representative for every forty-five members of the annual conferences; nor allow of a less number than one for every ninety (90); provided nevertheless that when there shall be in any annual conference a fraction of two—thirds the number which shall be fixed for the total of Representation, such annual conference shall be entitled to an additional delegate for such fraction; and provided also that no conference shall be denied the privilege of one ministerial and one Lay Delegate."

To make the above amendment effectual, it must receive the votes of two-thirds of the general conference, and the votes of three-fourths of the members of all the annual conferences. This resolution was discussed by F B Riddle, J Z Lloyd Samuel Creighton, J B Mann, John Donahue, M K Foster, E J Gray, W W Evans and A E Taylor.

A circular presented by Richard Mallalieu bearing on the subject was read. The subject was further discussed by A W Guyer and A Brittain.

The main question was ordered and taken, whereupon 10 voted in the affirmative and 169 in the negative. Whereupon, the Bishop declared the resolution lost.

Rev. Dr. Brust, President of Dakota University, was introduced and addressed the conference.

He stated that six years ago there were 17 Pastoral changes and now there are 170.

The Doctor made a thrilling and magnetic address in regard to the educational interest of that great State which is as large as all the New England States, including New York, and Pennsylvania.

He proposed to shake hands with all the members of the conference and all others proposing to give them the old fashioned Methodist grit, hoping they would thrill him by placing some money in his hand for his new educational institution.

The consideration of the XXth question was resumed.

The character of M K Foster was passed and he read his report.

The characters of the following effective elders were passed, they reporting as required by the conference:

J E Bell, J M Griffith, J L Leilich, M C Piper, A D Yocum, C L Benscoter, James Curns, J J Pearce, J M Johnston, M M Smith, J W Rue, H N Minnigh, J B Mann, I N Moorhead, R H Wharton, A S Baldwin, C T Dunning, Furman Adams, J R King, J R Shipe, Edmund White, G M Hope and W H Stevens.

William port District was called.

The character of W A Stevens, the Presiding Elder, was passed and he read his report.

The characters of the following effective elders were passed, they reporting as required by the Conference:

W H Bowden, E M Stevens, George W Dunlap, J Y Rothrock, E T Swartz, G T Gray, G E King, H R Bender, H M Ash, H F Cares, J B Polsgrove, J H Mortimer, A E Taylor, A E Taylor, A W Gibson, T S Fans, A D McCloskey, A P Wharton, W C Robbins, M P Crosthwaite, George Warren, N W Collum, W. McK. Reiley, R H Gilbert, W A Houck, A R Miller, J H McGarrah, J A Wood, Jr., and E J Gray.

Leave of absence was granted to W H Keith.

J Z Lloyd moved that the reports of the Presiding Elders be omitted from the printed minutes.

D H Shields moved to lay this motion on the table, which prevailed Leave of absence was granted to Dr F Mitchell.

Announcements were made, the Doxology was sung and Bishop Warren pronounced the Benediction.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.

At 2:30 p. m. the Sunday-school anniversary was held in the M. E. church, Rev. J. A. Wood, Jr., presiding. Devotional services were conducted by J. W. Haughawout.

Rev. G. E. King was introduced. He stated the object of the society, which is an organized agency to promote the education of the young in our Sunday-schools. The Sunday-school he regarded as the nursery of the church. He gave statistics to show the Sunday-school work is increasing the membership of the church by accessions from the Sunday-school scholars. Miss Annie Colburn thrilled the audience with a solo.

Rev. Dr. J. M. Freeman, of New York, was introduced. He made some humerous remarks concerning Adam and the first babe. He noticed the power of the smiles and tears of childhood. There must be thorough preparation for the teaching of childhood.

1, The superficial truths; 2, the underlying truths; 3, how to apply these truths to the hearts of the children; 4, I would also imply the exercise of common sense in preparing the lesson.

Reading question books or lesson leaf to the class is not teaching. Let the teachers study thoroughly what others think, and think for themselves. It is as d sometimes we have no time to prepare for teaching. There is a great deal of time wasted. If you gather up the fragments there will be time enough. He related how by the reading of a book Richard Baxter was led to the Saviour. The third element of success in Sunday-school work is tact. "Tact is applied common sense." Women all have tact. They, with kindly instinct, know how to accomplish their object.

Tact implies complete self-control. It is a bad thing for a teacher to lose his temper.

Another element of success is earnest spiritual life.

Self-denial is another element of success. That man succeeds best who thinks least of self and most of Christ.

Faith in God for results is another element of success. The meeting closed with the Doxology and Benediction.

ANOTHER ANNIVERSARY.

The Anniversary of the Board of church Extension was held in the M. E. church last evening. Rev. J. J. Pearce presided. The choir opened with a beautiful Voluntary, the 770 hymn "I love thy kingdom Lord" was sung, and J. Z. Lloyd led in prayer.

Rev. W. W. Evans, D. D., was introduced. The field is the world; here the seed is to be sown, the plant fostered and the harvest gathered—A combination of religious experience and life as combined in the church is the agency to carry forward the work of saving the human race from sin.

To this work God consecrates individual conscience and life. The extension of the church in its work is an imperious obligation. The benevolent societies of the church should be employed to their utmost ability.

As to our opportunity, lift up your eyes—Northward, Southward, Eastward and Westward.

The great problems of Christain activity must be solved in our own country. The corner stone of the great republic was laid by the Pilgrim Fathers in their fidelity to Christ. They said: "In the name of God, Amen. We, the subjects of our dread Sovereign King James, form this compact for the glory of God. It is not a number nor Democracy even, but morality and education that make a nation strong.

He closed by exhorting his brothers of the laity, and ministry to their best efforts to give a living Christianity to the teeming millions of the West and South, among whom our grand-children are to live.

After a solo by Miss Anna Colburn, Dr. Kynett, Secretary of the Board of Church Extension, was introduced. Why is it that thoughtful men have in their minds the evangelization of this country of ours? Because the Lord is in it.

This country from the Lakes to the Gulf and from the Atlantic to the Pacific and reaching far to the Northwest in Alaska, is the country whose interests are to be considered. The Jesuits tried powerfully to secure this county for the Romish church, but they failed, and now we have a free church in a free state. We have multiplied our population 20 times in one-hundred years, from two and one half millions to fifty millions. Should we do the same for the next hundred years the population will reach the marvelous number of one thousand millions. We We should have on this Continent a Christian Empire, that will shape and control the legislation of the governments of the world. Church extension has a great deal to do with this great question of capturing this world for Christ.

The Baptists, a few years ago, created a loan fund to aid in building Baptist churches. A Baptist Missionary who gave $200,000 to this fund wrote that he believed this would be worth four times to the foreign work of the future the sum now used in the foreign missions

In 1879, chaplain McCabe conceived the idea of frontier churches. For $250 he proposed to erect a church costing not less than $1,000. Up to last October 329 such churches were built, with $250 as a nucleus. These churches were erected and the average cost was $2,000 instead of $1,000.

The United States is the field in which this work is to go on.

The Board of church extension is the

[*Continued on 4th page*]

OH! MY BACK

Every strain or cold attacks that weak back and nearly prostrates you.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.

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MR. W. F. BROWN, 537 Main St., Covington, Ky., says: "I was completely broken down in health and troubled with pains in my back. Brown's Iron Bitters entirely restored me to health."

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How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.

As a general family remedy for Torpid Liver, Constipation, and ever use anything else, and I never seen disappointed in the effect it does it seems to be almost a specific for diseases of the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels.

W. A. [illegible]

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POWELL BROTHERS, Springboro, Crawford Co., Pa

[illegible] mention this paper.

Poetry.

AS THE CHICKENS COME HOME TO ROOST.

You may take the world as it comes and goes,
And you will be sure to find
That fate will square the account she owes,
Whoever comes out behind;
And all things bad that a man has done,
By whatsoever induced,
Return at last to him, one by one,
As the chickens come home to roost.

You may scrape and toil and patch and save,
While your hoarded wealth expands,
Till the cold dark shadow of the grave
Is nearing your life's last sands;
You will have your balance struck some night,
And you'll find your hoard reduced;
You'll view your life in another light
When the chickens come home to roost.

You can stint your soul and starve your heart
With the husks of a barren creed
But God will know if you play a part,
Will know in your hour of need;
And then as you wait for death to come
What hope can be deduced,
From a creed alone? You will lie there dumb
While your chickens come home to roost.

Sow as you will, there's time to reap,
For the good and bad as well,
And conscience, whether we wake or sleep,
Is either a heaven or hell;
And every wrong will find its place,
And every passion loosed
Drifts back and meets you face to face—
When the chickens come home to roost.

Whether you're over or under the sod
The result will be the same;
You cannot escape the hand of God,
You must bear your sin or shame.
No matter what's carved on a marble slab,
When the items are all produced
You'll find that St. Peter was keeping "tab,"
And that chickens come home to roost.

THE MEMORIES OF THE HEART.

We may shed the moss veil from the rose,
The blossom from the spray;
The bloom that pearls the luscious grape
A touch will brush away;
The vine may loosen from the tree
Which once it clung so fast;
But the heart will keep its memories
Till life itself be past.

The gold must die from the sunset skies,
The purple from fair hills;
The foam flowers fade from opal waves,
Drought hush the babbling rills;
The earth grows cold and passionless
'Neath Winter's bitter blast;
But the heart will keep its memories
Till life itself be past.

The flush will fade from cheek and brow,
And the sweet smile wane and die;
The freshness leave the coral lips,
Tears dim the brightest eye;
Youth, beauty hope and happiness,
And love may die at last;
But the heart will keep its memories
Till life itself be past.

AFTER THE WINTER.

After the winter is past and over
And summer is seeking the swift flown spring,
After the blossoms are blown on the clover
And fanned all day by the bee's light wing,
What shall we do with the love we played at,
Under the tremor of ball room light,
While you, in your satin and pearls arrayed, at
Will reigned supreme, the queen of the night?

Where shall we bury it now that it's ended?
A season's too long for a love play to live—
A love that I know well you never intended
A single wild throb of perfection to give
Oh, you and I may but trifle with passion,
And sip not a taste of its keen, strong wine;
I may but dream that I mould and fash on
Your heart to beat with a love like mine.

Love that is more than an hour's dreaming
Own th no place in a world like ours,
Where there is only a wan, cold seeming,
Shammed by the warm, true blush of the flowers.
And yet—I love thee, as well thou knowest,
Although thy love was a winter's play;
And my heart is with thee, wherever thou goest,
Even to the far dusk ends of the day.

CUPID'S LATEST FAD.

In ancient days, when stern papas
Locked up their daughters in a tower,
Love—laughing at their bolts and bars—
When struck the grewsome midnight hour,
With ladder of rope and coach and four
The maidens rescued from their covers;
The waiting paison mumbled o'er
The hurried prayer and blessed the lovers.

This mode was orthodox; but now
Love—trained in Vassar's classic shades—
Has learned an easier method how
To join the hapless swains and maids.
No ladder of rope at midnight hour—
Out, crown romantic orthodoxy—
The sighing prisoner in the tower
Shall sigh away—and wed by proxy.

Our Story Teller

A CAMEO EAR RING.

We—Mother Raynor, Jack and I—were sitting in our little sitting-room, our best room, but not parlor, for mother would never call the little box of a room by so dignified a title, and for the hundreth time they were telling me what they knew of my life.

"You see, Birdie," said mother, as I had always called her, "it was a stormy night and Jack had been detained at the store—he was cashboy at Cotton & Co.'s then—but just as he was running up the steps, about 7 o'clock, he met a woman hurrying down them. She brushed by without speaking, and when he reached the door, almost stumbled over a basket where you lay all snuggled up in warm flannels. Ah, but you were a very nice baby, my dear."

"Pity my mother hadn't thought so," I sarcastically observed. Then I saw Jack looking tenderly at me, and I remembered that I had a secret to tell Mother Raynor. I arose and went to her.

"It was seventeen years ago to-morrow that you found me," I said, "and so that is the only birthday I have. I have accepted Jack as a birthday gift."

A radiant look of surprised joy fairly illumined her dear old face as she comprehended the meaning of my remark.

"It has been the wish of my life," she whispered, kissing me softly.

The next morning several little birthday tokens were on the breakfast plate. Jack had gratified an oft expressed wish of mine by having a little cameo ear ring, found in the basket in which they found me, set in a ring for me for one of my birthday presents. It was an exquisite, clear cut cameo, and it had a decided unique setting; so I had always indulged in the hope that sometime, perhaps, I might learn through it who my parents were.

So the day began happily. During the afternoon, however, I chanced to go on the street to pay a visit to a girl friend. At one place some workmen obstructed the sidewalk and I was obliged to cross the street. I remember stepping down and advancing a few steps, of hearing hoarse shouts of warning, feeling sudden shock and then all was blank.

When I returned to consciousness I was in a strange room; everything was strange to me.

"Where am I?" I asked, although I could see no one. What has happened?"

"You are with friends," said a low soft voice near me.

Turning my eyes, they fell on a sweet-faced lady not yet old, although her hair was nearly white, sitting near me.

"How came I here?" I demanded, in a weak, startling voice.

After a brief consultation with a woman, evidently the nurse, the lady decided to explain the situation.

"You are weak, but I trust to your good sense to remain calm while I tell you why you are here. About a month ago you were crossing the street, and my husband and I accidentally ran against and severely injured you. There was nothing about you to identify you, so we brought you home."

"And this was a month ago. Has no one been here? Did you advertise?"

"No," replied the lady. It was reported in the police news, I believe, as my husband had to pay a large fine for his carelessness, but I never thought of advertising for your friends. I supposed they would go to the station and then be directed here, if you had any in the city."

"I have none," I said bitterly. "I was only a foundling, living upon charity all my life.

A whole month I had lain there and no one had called. And my pale, thin hands showed how near death's door I had been.

As I lay looking at my wasted fingers I noticed that my ring was gone. Hastily I inquired where it was.

My new found acquaintance blushed and then said:

Will you allow my husband to talk with you a few moments? He has your cameo."

In a few moments a tall, handsome gentleman accompanied her into the room.

"Years ago," he began, after apologizing for being the cause of my illness, and congratulating me on my recovery, "I had a pair of cameos carved in this city. They were unlike anything ever seen here. I had them set in a pair of ear-rings for my wife. One night our house was robbed by a trusted servant; the cameos were taken with other valuables."

"Was anything else taken?" I asked, sitting upright, forgetting for a moment my weak state.

The gentleman strove to conceal his emotion, but his wife was silently weeping near the window.

"Yes, our only child," he replied, brokenly. "Now will you tell me how you came by this cameo, for it is the same? I took it to the person who carved it for me so long ago, and he recognized it at once, although it has been reset."

"Was it seventeen years ago that your child was stolen?" I asked eagerly.

"Yes. What do you know of it?" he questioned, hoarsely.

"I know that I am your child, then."

After I had told the story so often repeated to me by Mother Raynor they were perfectly satisfied that I belonged to them.

Their story was that my father had given his wife a necklace of diamonds, and seeing how pleased her baby was with it, she had shaken the stones before its eyes, and at last, in a spirit of fun, clasped it about the child's neck. But she did not understand the fastening, as her husband was away from home and she could not get the short chain over the child's head, she was obliged to let the nurse put the child to sleep with the glittering ornament about its neck. But the temptation proved too great for the nurse, so she had taken baby quietly to a jewelers and had the necklace unfastened.

The theory we, my new-found parents and I, formed was, that becoming frightened at her own exploit and not daring to try to replace the baby—I can never realize that that baby was myself—lest she be discovered, she concluded to abandon it entirely.

"Now, where do these people live who have cared so kindly for you? I must see them," said my mother.

Reluctantly I gave the address. Jack came straight to me after my mother told her errand, and he looked so old and worn and haggard that I was lost in pity for him.

We conversed long and lovingly.

"To-day is your birthday, my dear," interrupted my new mother, brightly, entering the room with Mother Raynor, "and if the other was spiled ask what you will and you may have it."

"I'll take Jack," I said gayly.

Mrs. Hawkins—"Well, Mary, is my bath ready?" Mary—"Yes, mum; all but the hot water, mum." "What is the matter with the hot water?" "It is cowld, mum."

Miscellaneous.

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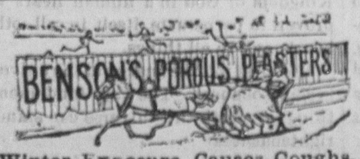

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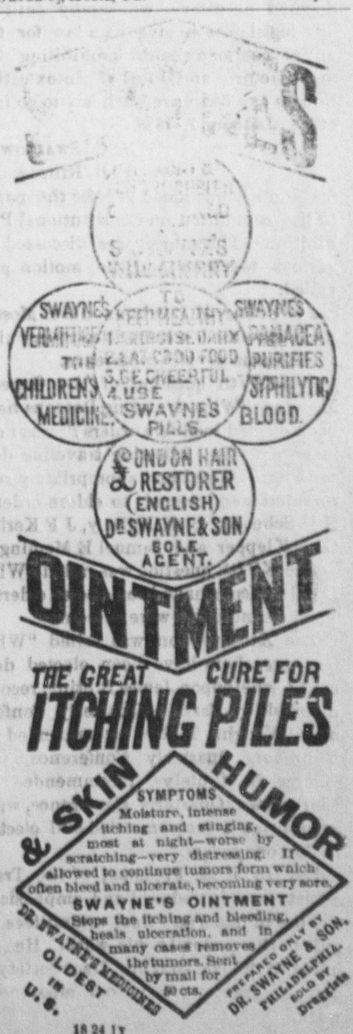
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The Nineteenth

[*Continued from 2nd page.*]

savings bank of Methodism. This money of the loan fund returns and is loaned again and so continues its usefulness to the end of time.

A collection was taken for the Service of Song which were furnished to the congregation. The meeting closed in the usual manner.

THIRD DAY—SATURDAY.

The session commenced with a half hour service of prayer and song led by Rev Dr. S. M. Frost.

At 9 o'clock Bishop Warren took the chair and accorded the floor to Dr. A. J. Kynett. Secretary of the Board of church Extension, who addressed the Conference.

He said the preachers were entitled to the manual which is published quarterly for the information of the ministers and laymen of the Conference.

He noted the song service which was used in the service last evening.

Insurance circulars have been sent to all the Presiding Elders to collect information as to the insurance of our church property, hoping that the next general Conference may be able to provide insurance on more favorable terms than can be secured at present.

He noted that our church property was held largely by defective titles.

He called attention to a new book prepared by him on the subject of the titles of our church property.

The minutes of yesterday's session were read and approved.

Leave of absence was granted to A. E Taylor and J. S. Boyer.

Eleven o'clock on Monday was fixed as the order of the day for determining the place of holding our next session.

S. C. Swallow presented the following:

WHEREAS, We are unalterably opposed to all licensing of the liquor traffic, believing it to be a crime that should be interdicted rather than permitted, or regulated by statutory enactment, and

WHEREAS, A bill is now before our State Legislature providing for so called high license, the effect of which if passed is *first* to forge an argument for defeating constitutional prohibition in 1889 and *second* to increase the number of unlicensed saloons, and at the same time to increase the cost of legal liquor to the army of drunkards made such on low license; and,

WHEREAS, The proposed bill excludes those made poor by the traffic from participating in its profits, thus giving a State monopoly to a business that, if legitimate and harmless, should be free; but, if illicit and criminal, should be prohibited; and

WHEREAS, The legislature has already, given statutory prohibition to some of the boroughs and counties of the State; Therefore,

Resolved, That pending the completion of constitutional prohibition in 1889 if any modification of existing laws is deemed necessary, we hereby petition our legislators to give us a law for the entire commonwealth, prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquers as a beverage, such law to go into effect January 1, 1888.

S. C. SWALLOW,
F. B. RIDDLE.

A motion was made to refer the paper to the committee on Constitutional Prohibition. The subject was discussed by various brethren and the motion prevailed.

J B Young, M L Drum and B H Mosser were appointed a committee to examine the Altoona district conference.

The XIVth question of the General Minutes, "What traveling Deacons have been elected to elders orders?" was next in order. The following traveling deacons were passed and appropriately represented and elected to elders orders: N H Schenck, S K Knisely, J F Kerlin, G W Klepper and Samuel E Meminger.

The XVIth question was called "What Local Deacons have been elected elders?" but no candidates were presented.

The Xth question was called "What local preachers have been elected deacons? whereupon James B. Stine, recommended by Carlisle Quarterly Conference; Vaughn T. Rue, recommended by Rohrsburg Quarterly Conference, and George N. Cotelys, recommended by Clarksown Quarterly Conference, were appropriately recommended and elected to deacons orders.

Rev. Dr. J. M. Freeman, of the Tract Society, was introduced and emphasized the use of tracts and tract committees as aids to the pastor in his work. He alluded to the fact that our Tract Society is doing a great work in our missionory work.

He noted also clearly the work of our Sunday school union. It has its benevolent side; it is helping our Sunday school work all over this land, and, in fact, all over the world.

The Vth question was called, viz., who are admitted into full connection?

The candidates were called forward. The 818 h hymn,

"Lord of the harvest hear,"

was sung and the Bishop led in prayer.

The Bishop then addressed the candidates. He said:

The men among whom you seek association are men of power. They have been the means of building up property of $170,000 and a hospital fund of $6 000 for the glory of God and the good of men. To this material enjoyment you are invited—the best place, the largest salary to him who can best acquit himself and do work for God. These men are honored. They are admitted as princes to the best society, and with this comes a tremendous responsibility. As you come among them you will be expected to be like them. You will be expected to be heroic. We are sending you out to a work that an angel might envy.

We send you to men, many of whom have had better advantages than we have, and turn them to a purer life. You must be manly men; you must be examples of beautiful and noble manhood. Any meanness ought to be an impossibility to a Methodist preacher. You are to surpass all the ideals of manhood found by others and in every respect. Every ordinary man's ideal must be surpassed by the Christian minister. You cannot do this without the aid of the Divine Being. Our church recognized the fact that God calls his ministers. Have some test which may assure you that God is with you. God calls men and recalls them. How marvelously God pours out his spirit upon men.

Take this promise put it up and never take it down,

"Lo, I am with you always,
even unto the end of the world"

An inebriate passing over a sidewalk covered with sawdust was almost irresistibly impelled to go into the saloon. When nearly in he paused and exclaimed, 'Oh, Christ, help me," and Christ did help him as really as he did the Hebrew children.

At the close of the Bishop's address the following were appropriately represented and admitted into full connection, and elected deacons:

Josiah C. Mumper, Elmer G. Baker, Lyons M. Brady, Horace L. Jacob's John W. Forrest.

The following were represented and admitted into full connection, they being already deacons: T. A. Elliott, W. W. Carhart, W. R. Pinken, Alman W. Houtz being absent, was continued on trial another year. E T Owen was discontinued.

The following were examined and passed to deacons of the second class:

Alexander Lamberson, Samuel D Wilson, Bruce Hughes, M J Runnyan, Albert R. Lambert, James F. Glass, Rollin S. Taylor.

Danvin F. Stiles was continued a deacon of the first class and for personal reasons was granted a supernumerary relation.

Mrs. Angie T. Newman was introduced and expressed her pleasure at the privilege of standing before an eastern conference. She said: "I come from the West."

The home missionary society fits in its place so aptly that it seems almost as if it had always been.

Her address descriptive of the evils of Mormonism, was one of the most thrilling to which we ever listened. She asked for a collection to enable the home missionary Society to purchase a tent to be used as a place to preach the Gospel in all that land now open to the Gospel by the action of the Government.

On motion, a collection of $100 was taken.

Rev. Dr. C. N. Sims, who is the Chancellor of Syracuse University and Rev. Dr. Smith, editor of the Pittsburg *Christian Advocate* were introduced. J. M. Phillips, of the New York Book concern, addressed the conference. He exhorted the brethren to patronize the Conference Book Room at Harrisburg.

Mrs. Angie F. Newman acknowledged most tenderly and in thrilling accents the receipt of the collection which was taken by the conference.

Notices were given and conference adjourned, Bishop Warren pronouncing the Benediction.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

At 2.30 p. m. on Saturday the M. E. Church was crowded with an intelligent and appreciative audience to celebrate the anniversary of the Woman's Home Missionary Society. Mrs. F. Gearheart, president of the Conference Society, occupied the chair. The hymn, "How firm a foundation ye Saints of the Lord," was sung, and Mrs. A. W. Black of Harrisburg led in prayer. Mrs. Black also read the report of the Conference Secretary, Mrs. C. M. Owen, of Mechanicsburg.

The report of Mrs. J. W. Meese of Harrisburg. There are thirteen auxiliary Societies with 260 members and about $425 have been raised during the year.

The president noted the work of Mrs Gaddie in the far West. She has achieved a wonderful work among the Indians. These Indians are anxiously longing for Christ.

The Home Missionary organization at Mulberry street Williamsport, has been almost wonderful inspiration in the Foregn Missionary work.

She made the most wonderful statement that the Indians of this country are the only people on the face of the earth who have never worshiped dumb idols, have never offered human sacrifice and who care for the aged and infirm. Also there is no caste among the Indians.

She emphasized the importance of Home Mission work in our large towns and cities and exhorted the sisters to diligence in this work.

Mrs. Angie F. Newman was introduced and gave one of the most thorough expositions of Mormonism we have ever heard. Mormonism is an American product. All the books of the Mormon church have been printed in America and shipped to the ports of the world.

The Mormon church has more missionaries than all the Christian churches in the world.

They have a membership of 19,000 in Iowa and 12,000 in Ohio.

This is the gospel of lust, a gospel of avarice, a gospel of power, Polygamy, and previous existence and plurality of Gods.

They have taken out of the Gospel the atonement.

They say that Christ's second coming is to restore a polygamous kingdom, and that polygamy shall stretch on into the eternal world.

As a consequence of polygamous intercourse, a deterioration is brought on which would soon destroys the system were it not for an influx of foreign immigration. In graphic terms she described the institutions and evils of Mormonism and polygamy. Beautifully did she describe the glory of the coming future.

Dr. E. J. Gray called for a collection of $100 for Mrs. Newman to aid in Home Mission work in Utah.

Rev. A. R. Cronce gave a selo, "If I were a voice." Mrs. Woodcock favored the audience with a solo and organ accompaniment. During these solos the officers of the socity were passing through the audience endeavoring to secure members for the society.

An invitation was extended to the ladies to remain to form an auxilary society.

The audience was dismissed with the benediction by Rev. J. A. Haughawout.

The collection taken for Mrs. Newman amounted to $36.76.

SUNDAY'S EXERCISES.

Sunday was a day of unusual interest in Bellefonte. Making our way to the M. E. church we found it crowded to its utmost capacity at an early hour. A Love Feast was held at 9 o'clock. This was a season of precious memories as one after another bore testimony to the power of the great salvation.

At the close of this service Bisho Warren ordained eight persons Deacons who had been previously elected to Deacons orders by the conference.

At 10.30 the regular service began. Bishop Warren announced the 518th hymn. Three stanzas were sung in good old Methodist style, the whole congregation joining in most beautifully. Prayer was offered by S. C. Swallow. The Bishop read as Scripture lesson's the 40th chapter of Isaiah and the 6th of Maitthew. The 319th hymn, "There is a fountain filled with blood," was sung.

The Bishop announced his text from Mathew VI; 33. He invited the congregation to unite with him in the repetition of the text. There is a strange misunderstanding of values in the minds of men. Men not only confuse the value of things, but the due order of things.

Into this confusion of values comes Christ and teaches man the right order and says "Seek first the Kingdom of God and his righteousness." What is the Kingdom of God? Some say it consists of material things. This is not the Kingdom which Christ bids us seek. God might reabsorb into Himself all the power he took out of Himself and put into them and thereby they would become valueless.

Our next thought may be that he is King of Kings and Lord of Lords. Is it then the headship of confederated nations we are to seek? These come and they pass away like the views in a kaleidoscope. This is not the Kingdom Christ would bid us seek. Not even the glory of the blessed Heaven is that which Christ bids us seek. He bids us seek right principles. The principle of a steam engine is the expansive power of steam. In the telegraph the principle is that tendency of the lightning rounding the curve to get back to its own again. The principle of the world spinning on its axis and flying in is orbit is the attraction of gravitation.

Christ tells us what the Kingdom of Heaven is like—like a grain of mustard seed, intensely vital with self-propagating, energy, drawing nourishment from the soil, air, sunshine and rain. The Kingdom of God in a human heart has proven to perpetuate itself in all other hearts and in all things.

The most intense energy in the universe is righteousness. The only fundamental thing on whith the universe can stand is righteousness.

The sinner is a man who is not right. He is opposed to the fundamental power of the universe.

Christ desires us to seek this kingdom, because it keeps us.

It is a great thing to be served by steam, but how infinitely greater to be served by the fundamental power of the universe that comes into the souls of men and makes them *right*. It is great to be lifted up the grades of the mountains by steam until at the very summit we hear the scream of victory, but what is this to the power that lifts us up to eternal life. As the heat of steam increases the power, the power increases the engine more and more. Superheated steam passes into some power which we are not yet able to handle.

So the soul increasing in love, increases in enjoyment until it passes from glory to glory in the heavens.

There are mountain heights from which you can study the geography of a continent. Having the principle of righteousness, no man need care whether he be in or out of the body. Having the main thing, everything else is added. When you buy anything at the store the paper and twine are thrown in. The kingdom of heaven sought and gained, all things else are added.

Seek first, in importance and time, this kingdom which will serve you in both worlds.

The Saviour says: *Seek*, strive, agonize to enter in at the strait gate.

St. Paul gives the meaning of the word "agonize" in the illustration in the Greek races.

Oh ye that strive for eternal crowns, lay aside every weight and the sin that doth so easily beset us; run the race that is set before us, looking unto Jesus.

The impression made upon the large and attentive audience was profound and delightful.

Sunday, 3 a. m. found the beautiful and commodious Presbyterian church filled to its utmost capacity by an intelligent and apporeciative audience to listen to Rev. Dr. C. N. Sims, Chancellor of Syracuse University, and witness the ordination of elders, who were elected by the M. E. conference to that holy office and work.

The holding of this service in this place was a beautiful and impressive expression of fraternal feeling between the two churches. The 147th hymn "When I survey the wondrous cross" was sung after which prayer was offered.

The Scripture lesson was from Isaiah LIII. The hymn, "In the cross of Christ I glory," was sung.

Dr. Sims selected Isaiah 53:5 "He was wounded for our transgressions; was bruised for our iniquities."

It is the Prophet's expression of salvation by vicarious sacrifice.

Jesus comes to conquer this world where no virtue blooms.

The Prophet sees him conqueror. They call him wonderful, counsellor, the mighty God, the everlasting Father and Prince of Peace.

He carries the keys of death and hell by the right of a conqueror. He comes to save them by suffering.

Against the doctrine there have been urged grave objections, yet the Holy Scriptures are full of the doctrine of vicarious suffering.

He was bruised for *our* iniquities. We must abandon our objections against vicarious atonement or abandon Christianity

Maintenance of government is the great object of the Nation.

Vicarious suffering seems to run through all human affairs—sometimes a father will pay a fine that his son may go free. Bonds are given to assure a faithful discharge of duty in an officer. The national life is preserved by the self-sacrifice and death of the soldier.

So the home life of the family is preserved by constant self sacrifice.

When you say a man is a self sacrificing man you can pass no higher encomium upon him.

Whatever will give the sinner and the beholder the most impressive view of sinfulness of sin is the best means to secure his reformation.

It is in the suffering of the innocent that we see more impressive view of the exceeding sinfulness of sin than if the sinner himself were beneath the prison bars.

Prison discipline does not *reform*—it awakens no gratitude. It does not inspire hope, but this, the saving of men, is setting hope before them and a Saviour beside them, who sympathizes with them who has suffered with men and who can help them.

At the close of the service the following persons were ordained Elders by the laying on of hands by the Bishop and several Elders:

John F. Kerlin, George M. M. Klepfer, Joseph K. Knisely, Samuel E. Meminger, Nathan H. Schenck.

SUNDAY EVENING IN THE M. E. CHURCH.

The Missionary Anniversary was held on Sunday evening in the M. E. church.

Rev. D H. Shields delivered an eloquent and well prepared address on the past and future of Christianity.

Hon. J. B. McEnally, of Clearfield, in a neat and forcible address, presented the world's need the church's opportunity and the church's responsibility, after which the report of the Conference treasurer was read, as follows:

Altoona district $7 265, increase $758; Danville district $8,436, decrease $593; Harrisburg district $8,154, increase $218; Juniata district $3,911, increase $246; Williamsport district $6,967, increase $389. Total, $34,733 increase $1,018.

Rev Dr. Buttz, President of Drew Theological Seminary, closed the services with a beautiful and impressive address.

FOURTH DAY—MONDAY MORNING SESSION.

After a devotional service of half an hour Bishop Warren took the chair and the minutes of Saturday's session were read and approved.

On motion of W. W. Evans 10 30 a. m. this morning was fixed for listening to semi-centennial addresses from Revs. George Guyer and J. W. Haughawout.

The case of William Gwynn, deceased was on motion refered to the Board of Stewards and necessitous cases.

The report of the committee on the Board of Church Extension was presented, read and adopted.

The Board of Stewards presented their preliminary report which was read and adopted.

Rev. George Guyer was granted a superanuated relation.

Some of the districts being slightly deficient, an effort was made to make up the deficiencies.

The fact being apparent that nearly $200 less had been given for the worn out preachers than last year, James Curns presented a paper resolving to increased endeavor next year among both ministers and laymen to raise funds for this cause.

The 3d question of the general minutes, "Who remain on trial?" was called.

The following were appropriately represented and continued on trial:

Simpson B Evans, D O Lorenzo, H H Crowley, R H Stine, C A Biddle, S P Boone, J L Beishline, William Brill, Jno R Melroy, J C Wilhelm. J L Beishline and William Brill were granted permission to meet the committee during the year and pass on the studies of the first year.

The 18th question was called, viz., "Who are the supernumerary preachers?"

The following were continued: W H Stevens, Hugh Linn, W E Hoch, J H S Clarke, Franklin Gearhart, C W Marshall, J W Leckie, John Moorhead, C W Burnley, J W Olewine, J R Akers, J A Ross, L A Rudisill, J A Woodcock, J W Haughawout, Thompson Mitchell, L G Heck, John Stine, W M Meminger, Daniel Hartman, W A McKee, J W Ely, J F Pennington, L S Crone, J Z Lloyd, J C Clarke, W H Norcross, J A Torence.

The relations of G B Ague, R Mallalieu, and L F Smith were change to effective, John F Cray, William Gwynn and Thomas O Clees were reported as having died during the year.

The 19th question, "Who are the superannuated Preachers?" was called. The relations of the following were continued. Thomas Heneyhill, A M Kester, George Berkstresser, H G Dill, Oliver Eye, William Schriber, F E Crever, J P Bobb, Thomas Greenly, W L Spottswood, Alem Brittain, R E Kelley.

J A Melick was reported as having died during the year.

Dr. Sims, Chancellor of Syracuse University, addressed the conference on the interests of that celebrated institution of learning. He noted the fact that never in the history of that institution has there been known an instance of a drunken student.

The hour of 10.30 having arrived, Rev. J. W. Haughwout and George Guyer were called forward and in tender and touching accents related the history of the toils and struggles, the trials and triumphs, the joys and tears of half a century. At the close of Brother Haughawout's address the conference joined in singing, "I would not live always." A few fitting words to the worth of Brother Haughawout were spoken by E T Swartz.

Rev. George Guyer was presented and alluded to the fact that in 1884 he was selected to preach the centennial address. This he regarded as the crowning honor of his life and presented his profound acknowledgements to the brethren of the conference for this distinguished honor. He noted the fact of his conversion and his admission into the Baltimore conference. In 1837, he said, I was sent to Berwick station with James Sanks as colleagne. After one round on the circuit I resolved to go home. I went to notify my colleague. He gave me so much encouragement that I continued.

Rev. Guyer spoke tenderly of the necessity of providing a home for the aged ministers who have labored to found and build Methodism in these valleys. My second circuit was Bellefonte, at the end of this year I was ordained deacon. This was the most solemn moment of my life. Two years after this I was elected and ordained elder. When I entered the Baltimore Conference there were a number of distinguished men who would compare favorably with a like number in any other denomination. There was John A. Collins, powerful in debate and George G Cookman, unsurpassed anywhere as a platform speaker.

Robert Emory, dying at 35, was a man distinguished even on Europe. At the Alliance the learned men of Europe were glad to learn wisdom at his feet.

Brethren, you have an illustrious ancestry.

There exist only a few links now binding us to the old Baltimere Conference which is the mother of us all.

Brethren, I am approaching the border. I live largely, in the past. Sometimes I imagine myself talking to them. But I am looking forward to glad reunions in a brighter world above.

The 33d question was called, "Where shall the next conference be held?"

After some discussion, Williamsport was nominated and unanimously selected as the place of holding the next conference.

Rev. Dr. H. A. Buttz, President of Drew Theological Seminary, was introduced and addressed the conference in the interests of that Institution.

We have a building now under roof for a fireproof library to preserve the books and manuscripts of the history of Methodism. It is now approaching completion.

This is your institution. You are very close to us and I appreciate most kindly the welcome you have given me as I come before you.

We ask you to give us your prayers, your sympathy and support.

Notices were given and conference adjourned with the Doxology and Benediction.

MONDAY AFTERNOON.

At two o'clock an adjourned meeting of the Mutual Beneficial Association was held. A few items of business pertaining to the organization were attended to.

At 2.30 Rev. Geo. Guyer took the chair and the memorial service was opened by the singing of the 323d hymn, "Let Zion's Watchmen all awake." Prayer was offered by Rev. J. W. Haughawout.

The 21st question was called: "Have any died this year?"

The Memoir of Justus A. Melick was read by M. L. Smyser. Remarks were made by Revs. G. H. Day and Jas. Curns. Conference joined in singing, "Oh, think of a home over there," and on motion the memoir was adopted.

The memoir of Rev. John F. Craig was read by the Secretary.

Remarks were made by James Curns. Conference joined in singing, "Shall we meet beyond the River?" The memoir was adopted by the Conference. The memoir of Rev. William Gwynn was read by M. L. Smyser.

Conference joined in singing, "Servant of God, well done."

Dr. Monroe, Dr. S. M. Frost and J. Z. Lloyd, made a few remarks. The memoir was adopted.

The memoir of Rev T. O. Clees was read by Rev. H. R. Bender. The memoir was adopted after addresses had been delivered by W. W. Evans and Dr. E. J. Gray.

The memoir of Mrs. Susan C. Crever, wife of Rev. B. H. Crever, D. D., was read by John Donahue. On motion the memoir was adopted.

Conference then, on motion, adjourned.

Considerable confusion arose at this point, many persons supposing that the exercises were entirely closed.

After a considerable number had retired, order was restored and the anniversary of the Preachers' Aid Society was proceeded with.

Rev. J. A. Wood, Jr., was introduced, who gave an interesting historical review of the society, commencing with the organization of the Preachers' Aid Society of the old Baltimore Conference. When the East Baltimore Conference was formed in 1857, the assets of the Preachers' Aid Society were divided. A new society was formed, which received the sum of $30,565 as its share of the assets.

In eleven years of the history of the East Baltimore Conference it has disbursed $17.731 in benevolences to the claimants on the benevolence of the conference. The assets of the society March 5, 1869, the date of the organization of the Central Pennsylvania Conference, were divided between the Baltimore and the Central Pennsylvania Conferences. The Central Pennsylvania Conference received $36,685, and in eighteen years has distributed $21,656 in benevolences.

This Society owns Williamsport Dickinson Seminary and out of the proceeds of this institution the children of the preachers of the conference receive aid in the payment of their bills.

At the close of his address John I. Berry, Esq., of Williamsport, was introduced. His address, designed mainly for laymen, was well prepared and was deemed so excellent that he was requested to deliver the address in the session of the conference when the report of the committee on the Preachers Aid Society should be introduced.

The assembly then adjourned.

THE EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

Rev. James Curns presided over the Educational Anniversary held in the M. E. church Monday night.

The chairman announced that a request was handed in for the prayers of the Conference for 21 persons who are convicted of sin.

Rev. S. C. Swallow was introduced as

[*Continued on 5th page*]

Miscellaneous.

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The Nineteenth

[Continued from 4th page]

the first speaker. He noted the early struggle of Methodism in founding educational institutions He spoke of the founding of Cokesbury College and its destruc ion twice by fire. While the founders of our Methodism devoted themselves mainly to the conversion of souls they never lost sight of the fact that our Methodism was born in a University—the grandest the sun ever shone upon—and the fact that the founders of our Methodism were educated men and that they were educators as well. They never lost sight of the importance of the intel ectual training of those who came into our communion and in due time came the founding of institutions of learning—Eastham, Cazenova, Dickens and others. So that we now have, after 60 years since we fairly started, 43 Colleges and Universities, 65 classical seminaries, 7 theological schools, 24 female colleges and seminaries.

It is easier to raise money to send missionaries to foreign lands than it is to provide the missionaries to send.

There is a heresy abroad that only professional men should be educated. We educate men for farmers, engineers, miners, &c. We need them for the church as class leaders and workers in all lines of Christian activity.

The time ought to soon come when the Christian student should not leave his religion at home. He should be something better than a rough tough, a pedestrian, or a professional gamester.

Rev. W. A. Houck was introduced. He said: When I was invited to deliver an address at this meeting I understood that Dr. Buttz was to represent Drew Theological Seminary, Bro. Swallow to represent Dickinson College and myself Dickinson Seminary.

When I began to prepare for this address I was led to study the meaning of the words knowledge, culture, learning and education.

The lines in which culture proceeds are moral, religious and intellectual.

Self culture is moral. It recognizes justice and righteousness among men.

Self-culture is religious. It leads us onward toward the infinite. Self-culture is intellectual. It draws to itself constant attention.

Culture is almost universally understood to be the training of the i tellect. To worship genius when divorced from virtue is to worship more a demon than a God. I was delighted this morning to hear Chancellor Sims say that of the 450 students entering Syracuse University this year only 13 were unconverted.

The speaker noted the advantages and the resources of Williamsport Dickinson Seminary.

Brother Curns, president, gave a synopsis of the work done by the Educational Society of the conference. Last year 14 young men were aided with a loan of $50 each. This year we propose to aid 15 young men to the amount of $800. Two of them are to receive $75 each.

Dr. Buttz, President of Drew Theological Seminary, was introduced. He said: Your conference is rich. A conference that can give $34,000 missionary money is rich. And then you have two grand educational institut ons in the bounds of your conference. Educational institutions pay in the matter of religion. They pay in point of cheapness.

This Society proposes to help young people to do something to help themselves. If your ministers wish to do good, if you have any learning, give it to somebody, teach him something. You will both bless and be blessed. A rich life is one that throws itself out on some other life to lift it up and make it better. I would rather put my hands around two little street urchins and lift them up into the light of God than to own the universe.

The Doxology and Benediction closed the services.

FIFTH DAY—TUESDAY MORNING SESSION.

At 9 o'clock, after devotional services of half an hour, Bishop Warren took the chair and the minutes of Monday's sessions, morning and afternoon, were read and approved.

J. B. Young presented the report of the committee to examine the record of the Altoona district conference, which report was on motion read and accepted. He presented also the report of the committee on periodicals, which was read and on motion adopted.

The report of the committee on Williamsport Dickinson Seminary was presented, read and, on motion, adopted.

The report of the committee on the Woman's Home Missionary Society was presented, read and, on motion, adopted.

The report of the committee on the Tract Society was presented, read and, on motion, adopted.

The second question was called, viz, "Who are received on Trial?" The following having been recommended by their quarterly conferences and represented by their respective Presiding Elders, were receive l on trial. The candidates, as their names were called, came forward and were introduced to the Conference:

Vaughn J Rue, by Rohrsburg; James B Stine, by Carlisle; George Trach, by Decature; E M Aller, by Loudon; Elton H Wallace, by Port Royal; Orlando G Hock, by Carlisle; Fletcher W. Biddle, by Concord; Augustus C. Forscht, by St. Pauls, Harrisburg; Barnet H. Hart, by Cassville; Jeremiah B Brenneman, by Carlisle.

The 28th question was called, "Who are the triers of appeals?" and Samuel Creighton, James Curns, F B Riddle, M P Crosthwaite, S W Sears, J Ellis Bell and A R Cronce were selected.

A recess of 15 minutes was taken to permit the Mutual Beneficial Society to hold a meeting. Rev. James Curns, president of the society, called the society to order. George Track, Orlando G Heck, J B Stine, B H Hart, A C Forscht and E H Wallace were nominated and elected clerical members. Mrs. Helen Hendrix of New Oxford, was elected an honorary member. J. W. Ely was restored to membership, he having paid up his past dues.

The Bishop resumed the chair and resumed conference business.

A collection was taken for the sexton.

The stewards proceeded to distribute to the conference claimants.

They made also a supplemental report which was confirmed.

The report of the committee on Dickinson college was presented and read.

Rev. Dr. J. A. McCauley, President of Dickinson College, was introduced and addressed the conference. After considerable discussion, the report was amended and adopted.

A reso'ution was offered to appoint a committee to consider the propriety of providing a home for the aged and destitute members of the Conference and report to the next Conference.

A communication from several laymen concerning the entertainment of the Lay Electoral Conferences in the future was presented and read and approved and referred to the various quarterly Conferences for their action.

The report of the committee on the Bible cause was presented, read and adopted.

It was, on motion, resolved to hold a session of conference at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

A paper relating to the creation of a sustentation fund was, on motion, referred to a committee of five to report at the next session.

Conference adjourned with the Doxology and Benediction.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON SESSION.

Conference met at 2 o'clock. The devotional services were conducted by J. Z. Lloyd.

The minutes of the morning's session were read and approved. Reports of the following committees were presented, read and adopted:

On Education, on Educational Society, on Constitutional Prohibition, on Conference Book Room, on Freedmen's Aid Society, on Sunday Schools, on Woman's Foreign Missionary Society.

A resolution to report the number of conversions on each charge at the next conference was adopted.

A resolution to request the presiding elders to apportion the amount of missionary money to the districts which have been asked by the parent Society of our conference was read. The resolution was laid on the table.

A report of the committee on the Preachers Aid Society was presented, read and adopted.

The Bishop was requested to appoint T. S. Wilcox superintendent of the Conference Book Room and H. A. Curran Professor in the State Normal School at Bloomsburg.

John I. Berry, Esq., of Williamsport, was invited to deliver an address in the interests of the support of our wornout preachers, after which the report was adopted.

A vote of thanks was tendered to J I Berry for his excellent address.

A resolution favoring a cheap edition of the Discipline was adopted.

A resolution favoring the disuse of tobacco was read and adopted.

Resolutions of thanks to Bishop Warren, to our kind hosts and hostesses who have so royally entertained us; to Rev. Dr. Laurie, pastor of the Presbyterian church and his people for their excellent Christian courtesy; to the members of our conference.

The relation of G. B. Ague was changed from effective to supernumerary. A collection was taken for this brother, whose circumstances are straitened, amounting to $199.13.

The committees for 1888 were read by the Secretary and elected by the conference.

The supernumerary relation was granted to the following: A W Gibson, A D McCloskey, James Hunter, T H Tubbs.

The Secretary was authorized to draw on the Missionary Society for a sufficient amount to pay for printing the district report of the Missionary Society.

The Secretary was authorized to make any necessary verbal corrections in printing the reports.

The Statistical Secretaries read the statistical report.

J B Young was appointed to preach the Missionary sermon.

The journal of this session was read and approved.

On motion, it was resolved that after the usual closing exercises and reading the appointments Conference stand adjourned.

The hymn, "And let our bodies part," was sung and Bishop Warren offered prayer. He addressed the Conference briefly and read the appointments. And thus the nineteenth session of the Central Pennsylvania Conference passed into history.

APPPOINTMENTS OF THE CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA M. E. CONFERENCE.

ALTOONA DISTRICT—GEO. LEIDY, P E

Allegheny - J B Stein
Altoona, Chestnut ave—W V Ganoe
" Eighth ave—Samuel Creighton
" First Church—J B Shaver
" Simpson Church—W R Whitney
Bellefonte—D S Monroe
Birmingham—T A Elliott
Clearfield - J H Black
Clearfield Circuit—A R Lambert
Coalport—C A Biddle
Curwensville—D H Shields
Duncansville—Owen Hicks
Glen Hope - N R Smith
Half Moon—W F D Noble
Hollidaysburg—J H McCord
Hunzdale—J A DeMoyer
Howard - Elisha Shoemaker
Logan Valley—A W Guyer
Lumber City—H N Minnigh, Bruce Hughes
Martinsburg and Roaring Springs—W W Reese
Milesburg and Unionville—G W Bouse
New Washington—A P Wharton
Osceola—E H Witman
Penn's Valley—Isaac Heckman
Philipsburg—W W Evans
Pine Grove Samuel Fiam
Pleasant Gap—To be supplied
Port Matilda - William Brill
Snow Shoe—J B Graham
Tyrone—G D Penepacker
Wallaceton—J A Matvern
Warriorsmark—W A Carver
Williamsburg - J K Lloyd
Woodberry and Pattonsville—J W Bedford
Woodland and Bradford—J F Anderson
Supernumerary and Superannuated Preachers—Hugh Linn, John A Woodcock, William M Memminger, George B Ague.

DANVILLE DISTRICT—M I Ganoe, P E

Ashland—A S Bowman
Beach Haven—H S Mendenhall
Benton—S P Boone
Berwick - E H Yocum
Bloomsburg - F B Riddle
Boyle's Run - To be supplied
Buckhorn—J L Brishline
Catawissa—A M Barnitz
Catawissa Circuit—W S Hamlin
Centralia - J W Buckley
Conyngham—H B Forner
Danville, St. Paul's - Richard Hinkle
" Second Church—G W Stevens
Elysburg - A W Decker
Espy and Light Street—R Mallalieu
Gordon—J K Fisher
Harveyville - N H Smith
Hazleton—John Donahue
Heifenstein—To be sup. by C H Barnard
Jeansville and Audenried—Wm Moses
Jerseytown and Washingtonville—Jonathan Guldin
Mifflinville—J D W Deavor
Mount Carmel M L Drum
Muhlenburg - G V Savidge
Northumberland—B P King
Orangeville—A B Hooven
Riverside—J R Mealoy
Robersburg - To be supplied
Schuylerville—To be sup. by D Larish
Selinsgrove—G M Klepfer
Shamokin—S M Frost
Shickshinny—W H Keith
Snydertown - John Horning
South Heberton—L F Smith
Stockton & Beaver Meadow—G H Day
Sunbury - R E Wilson
Town Hill - D B McClosky
Treverton—E M Chilcoat
Weatherly—J S Beyer
West Hazleton—To be supplied.
West Shamokin—V T Rue
White Haven—G M Larned
H A Curran, Professor in State Normal School, member of Bloomsburg Quarterly Conference.
A W Hontz, left without appointment to attend one of our schools.
Supernumerary and Superannuated Preachers - Alem Brittain, John W Leckie, Aaron M Kester, John W Ely, Irvin H Torrence, James Hunter, T H Tubbs.

HARRISBURG DISTRICT.—H. C. PARDOE, P. E.

Arrville—R L Armstrong
Carlisle—A D Yocum
Chambersburg—M. L Sawyer
Dillsburg & Wellsville—C V Hartzell
Duncannon—J T Wilson
Fairview & Marysville—G A Singer
Fort Littleton—To be sup. by Lewis Chambers
Gettysburg—J R Durkerley
Greencastle—H L Jacobs
Green Village—S A Creveling
Hanover & New Oxford—W C Hesser
Harrisburg, Fifth Street—S W Sears
" Grace Church J B Young
" Thirteenth St. W E Thompkinson
" Ridge Avenue—S C Swallow
" St. Paul's—J P Moore
Lewisberry & Salem—M J Runnyan
Licking Creek—To be supplied
Lisburn—J Eckersley
Liverpool - A C Forscht
London—E M Aller
McConnellsburg—John Vrooman
Mechanicsburg - B F Stevens
Mercersburg J W Feight
Mont Alto—J W Forrest
Mount Holly J Y Shannon
New Cumberland—A R Cronce
Newport—E E A Deaver
Newville and Rehoboth—J P Benford
Shippensburg P F Eyer
Shrewsbury—J B Akers
Stewartstown - P P Strawinski
Waynesboro—B H Messer
Wrightsville—R H Coburn
York, Duke Street—W G Ferguson
" First Church—B C Conner
" Princess St. & Ridge Ave, O S Metzler
York Springs - W W Carbart
W M Frysinger, President Centenary Biblical Institute, Baltimore, Md
H C Whiting, Professor in Dickinson College, Carlisle
T S Wilcox, Supt. Conference Book Room, Harrisburg
SUPERNUMERARY AND SUPERANNUATED PREACHERS Oliver Egle, Lee Spotswood, Frederick E Crever, John Stine, Daniel Hartman, J Pierce Robb, Richard Mallalieu, John Z Lloyd, James C Clarke.

JUNIATA DISTRICT—M K FOSTER, P E.

Alum Bank—R H Stine
Bedford—J E Bell
Blairs—W R Picken
Barrel Cabins - J C Wilhelm
Cassville—T M Griffith, F W Biddle
Clearville—To be supplied
Concord—J L Leech, George Trach
Decatur—To be supplied
Ennisville—M C Piper
Everett—B B Hamlin
Hopewell - C L Benscoter
Huntingdon—James Curns
Lewistown—J Max Lantz
Logan—J M Johnston
McConnellstown - Elton H Wallace
McVeytown—J J Pearce
Manor Hill—Furman Adams
Mifflintown—A R Miller
Milroy—J R Shipe
Mount Union—I N Moorhead
New Bloomfield—R H Wharton
Newton Hamilton—A S Baldwin, J B Brenneman
Orbisonia—G M Hoke
Petersburg and Alexandria—C T Dunning
Port Royal—W H Stevens, B H Hart
Ray's Hill—J R King
Saxton—S E Memminger
Schellsburg—J K Kniseley
Shirleysburg—Edmund White
Thompsontown—To be supplied
Three Springs—E G Baker
West Huntingdon and Mill Creek—M L Smith
Wolfsburg—W H Bowden
Supernumerary and Superannuated Preachers—William Henry Stevens, J H Shirer Clarke, Jesse R Akers, George Berkstresser, John Moorhead, Joseph A Ross John W Owewine, Lewis A Rudisill, William Schriber, William E Hoch, Ceylon W Marshall, Levi S Crone, Benjamin H Crever, James F. Pennington.

WILLIAMSPORT DISTRICT—W A STEPHENS, P E.

Benezette—J F Glass
Clarkstown—To be supplied by G N Crotsley
Cogan Valley—G W Dunlap
DuBoistown—Alex. Lamberson
East Lock Haven—S B Evans
Emporium—E M Stevens
Emporium Circuit - L D Ott
Fairview - S D Wilson
Great Island—E W Wonner
Hughesville—N H Schenck
Hyner—J C Brown
Jamestown—To be supplied by T Whitney
Jersey Shore—E T Swartz
Leidy—To be supplied by L D Ripple
Lewisburg—G T Gray
Liberty Valley—G E King
Lock Haven - H R Bender
Loyalsock—J Y Rothrock
Lycoming—J C Mumper
Mifflinburg—H M Ash
Mud Hall—R S Taylor
Milton—J E Polsgrove
Montandon—J H Mortimer
Montgomery—J F Kerlin
Montoursville—J W Rue
Muncy—A E Taylor
Muncy Valley—H F Cares
Pennsdale—L M Brady
Picture Rocks and Kedron—To be sup. by J H Morvart
Ralston—T S Faus
Renovo—W C Robbins
Salladasburg—M P Crosthwaite
Salona—Geo Warren
Sinnemahoning - N W Colburn
Waterville - H H Crotsley
Watsontown W McK Reiley
Westport - O G Heck
Wharton—To be supplied by E Weeks
Williamsport Grace Church R H Gilbert
" Mulberry Street—W A Houck
" Newberry J B Mann
" Pine Street—J H McGarrah
" Third Street—J A Wood Jr
E J Gray, President Williamsport Dickinson Seminary
J R Hykes Central China Mission
SUPERNUMERARY AND SUPERANNUATED PREACHERS—Henry G Dill, Thomas Greenly, Thomas Taneyhill, Chas W Burnley, Franklin Gearhart, Reuben E Kelley, Thompson Mitchell, John W Haughwout, Levi G Heck, William A McKee, William H Norcross, Andrew W Gibson, A D McCloskey.

In the House.

HARRISBURG, March 15.—To-day in the house the bill authorizing school boards to pay teachers at a rate not exceeding $2 per day for every day in attendance at county institute came up on final passage, but owing to a typographical error, which was corrected it laid over.

The act regulating the affairs of people doing a banking business in this state and providing for a bank examiner, was called upon third reading. A great deal of debate was occasioned over the section relating to bank examiner, it being maintained that such an official is useless. On the other hand it was maintained that if a bank examiner is appointed the failures of banks and the loss of funds entrusted to them by depositors will be a thing of the past. In his argument for the bill Mr. Owens exhibited several certificates of deposit, which, he said, represented the funds he once had in a bank which failed and he got nothing.

Mr. Shaw ridiculed the idea of one bank examiner doing the work put upon him by the bill. It is impossible for an examiner to give anything but a superficial examination in one year to the many banks to which his duty calls him "This bill creates a new office," said Mr. Shaw, and "I am opposed to that. There are too many new offices being created by the legislature, all of which will be paid out of the state treasury."

Mr. True made a strong plea for the bill, which, he said, would increase the revenue of the state many thousands of dollars. It is a measure of prevention from failure, and no honest banker could object to it.

The yeas and nays were called on the final passage of the bill and it was defeated by 90 yeas to 77 nays.

The house then adjourned.

At the afternoon session of the house the vote by which the bank examiner bill was defeated was reconsidered and consideration of bill postponed for the present. The revenue bill was called up as special order and was passed finally. The house bill for the establishment of a uniform standard of time was also passed finally.

To Compete with Gould.

ST LOUIS, March 15.—It is semi officially stated that the original western objective point of the St Louis, Kansas City and Colorado railroad, which was Kansas City, will be abandoned and the line turned in a southwestern direction from Versailles, Morgan county, Mo., and extended to connect with the Atchison, Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe road at or south of Arkansas City. In time the road will; no doubt, be extended from Versailles to Kansas City, but the policy of the Atchison company seems to be to connect the Gulf road with the St. Louis first, so that it can compete with the Missouri Pacific for the Texas trade.

The Number Killed.

BOSTON, March 15.—The injured by the accident, who are at the Massachusetts general hospital are reported by physicians to-day as being in a comfortable condition. The surgeons are confident that all will recover. It is now believed that the reports of the number of persons killed is just one in excess of the number reported in the DAILY NEWS on Tuesday. Up to noon to-day Dr. Draper had signed twenty-one death certificates and Dr. Harris three, making the entire death total up to noon twenty-four.

The Western Settler's Chosen Specific.

With every advance of emigration into the far West, a new demand is created for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Newly peopled regions are frequently less salubrious than older settled localities, on account of the miasma which rises from recently cleared lands, particularly along the banks of rivers that are subject to freshets. The agricultural or mining emigrant soon learns, when he does not already know, that the Bitters afford the only sure protection against malaria, and those disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, to which climate changes, exposures, and unaccustomed or unhealthy water or diet subject him. Consequently he places an estimate upon this great household specific and preventive commensurate with its intrinsic merits, and is careful to keep on hand a restorative and promoter of health so implicitly to be relied upon in time of need.

A Seasonable Hint.

March is the most disagreeable month in the year for the reason is most changeable. The transition from winter to spring is accomplished by alternate storm and sunshine.—The constant changes of weather cause everybody to take cold, March, for which speedy relief can always be obtained by taking a few doses of Gilmore's Magnetic Elixir, the best remedy ever produced for coughs colds, hoarseness, bronchitis, etc. One tea-spoonful will relieve the worst case of asthma in one minute. Put up in three sizes, at 25 cents, 50 cents and one dollar. Trial bottle 10 cents. Sold under a positive guaranty. If it fails to give perfect satisfaction, return the bottle to your druggist and he will refund the money.

Constipation has Many Victims

and the endeavor to find relief with the cathartic, the injection, the aperient and laxative are distressing. These are resorted to time and again, until the sufferer is almost in despair, as he gains only a brief respite.

By taking Simmons Liver Regulator the bowels will be as gently moved as naturally as if no medicine had been taken. Regularity in taking the medicine will soon effect a permanent relief.

HASSON'S COMPOUND SYYUP OF TAR is an infallible remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis and Croup in children. For the cure of Chronic Catarrhs and Asthma, it never fails.

Old and reliable Medicines are the best to depend upon. Acker's Blood Elixir has been prescribed for years for all impurities of the Blood. In every form of Scrofulous, Syphilitic or Mercurial diseases, it is invaluable. For Rheumatism, has no equal.
WALTER W. BAYARD.

Spring and Summer Season, 1887. We are now showing full lines of Seasonable Woolens. Leave your order now.
MONTGOMERY & CO., Tailors.

The peculiar purifying and building up powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla make it the very best medicine to take at this season.

Medical.

Salt Rheum

The agonies of those who suffer from severe salt rheum are indescribable. The cleansing, healing, purifying influences of Hood's Sarsaparilla are unequalled by any other medicine.

"I take pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla, for it has done wonders for me. I had salt rheum very severely, affecting me over nearly my entire body. Only those who have suffered from this disease in its worst form can imagine the extent of my affliction. I tried many medicines, but failed to receive benefit until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then the disease began to subside, the

Agonizing Itch and Pain

disappeared, and now I am entirely free from the disease. My blood seems to be thoroughly purified, and my general health is greatly benefited." LYMAN ALLEN, Sexton N. E. Church, North Chicago, Ill.

"My son had salt rheum on his hands and the calves of his legs, so bad that they would crack open and bleed. He took Hood's Sarsaparilla and is entirely cured." J. B. STANTON, Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

From 108 to 135

"I was seriously troubled with salt rheum for three years, and receiving no benefit from medical treatment I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am now entirely cured of salt rheum; my weight has increased from 108 lbs. to 135." MRS. ALICE SMITH, Stamford, Conn.

If you suffer from salt rheum, or any blood disease, try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has cured many others, and will cure you.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

CLOSING OUT SALE

—)OF(—

FURNITURE!

TO QUIT THE BUSINESS.

Will sell my complete stock of

Parlor Suits—Fine, Medium and Common, Hard Wood Bed Room Suits, Side Boards, Hat Racks, Lounges, Tables—Fine Walnut and Cherry Cane seat Chairs, Wood Seat Chairs, Bed-steads, Sinks, Springs, Mattrasses, Pillows, etc., in fact, everything in the Furniture line at prices that must sell them. All goods to be sold without reserve, and must be sold by March 25.

J. C. Brachbill, Bellefonte.

[HIGH STREET, OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE.]

For a time my life was despaired of. My trouble with the Kidneys, Liver and Bladder—also Constipation. Finally I used Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and and in my opinion it saved my life. I make this statement to save those who suffer as I did.—A. J. Gifford, Lowell, Mass. Druggists; $1. Send 2-cent stamp to Dr. David Kennedy, Roondout, N. Y., for his book on Kidney, Liver and Blood disorders. Mention this paper.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Callonsed Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splint, Ringbone, Sweeny, Stifles, Sprains, Swellings, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. POTTS GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 23m

ITCH, PRAIRIE MANGE, and SCRATCHES of every kind cured in 30 Minutes by WOOLFORD'S SANITARY LOTION. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by F. P. GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 23m

At Night always have Acker's Baby Soother at hand. It is the only safe medicine yet made that will remove all infantile disorders. It contains *no Opium or Morphine*, but gives the child *natural ease from pain*. Price 25 cents. Sold by WALTER W. BAYARD.

SALE REGISTER.

FRIDAY, MARCH 25.—At 1 o'clock p. m., sharp, Edward Osmer will sell at Boiling Springs, two miles south of Bellefonte, farm stock and household furniture.

TUESDAY, APRIL 26.—J Miles Green, of Milesburg, and F Potts Green, of Bellefonte, executors of Joseph Green, dec'd, will sell valuable real estate, including 10 lots good buildings, etc., located in Milesburg; also several other tracts of land near the borough.

SATURDAY, MARCH 26.—At 10 o'clock a. m. James Turner will sell at his residence three miles west of Howard borough, in Howard township, horses, cows, sheep and farming utensils.

TUESDAY, MARCH 29.—William Glenn will sell on the farm of James Glenn, one mile northwest of Lemont, on the Pine Grove road, at 10 o'clock a. m., excellent farm stock, farming implements, etc

WANTED.—BY AN ENTERPRISING FARMer, a 2 or 4 horse farm. Can give good reference. Have all good machinery. Have good reason for not having a farm yet. Any one having a farm will do well by inquiring at this office. 19 10-2t

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. A. O. Furst, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre and Huntingdon and the Hon. Chester Munson and the Hon. J. R. Smith, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 7th day of Feb., A. D. 1887, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of April, being the 25th day of April, 1887, and to continue two weeks, notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the fourth Monday, the 25th day of April, 1887, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

And notice is further given that a special session of said Court, for the trial of special causes, will be held, commencing Monday, March 21st of which all persons interested are hereby notified.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 10th day of March, in the year of our Lord, 1887, and in the one hundred and eleventh year of the independence of the United States.

W. MILES WALKER, Sheriff.
32 10 4t

FOR SALE.—25 Shares of the par value of $50, full paid, of the capital stock of the Seed Drill Regulator Company. Address, D. H. JACK, Trustee, Bradford, Pa.
19 8 4t

FISHING TACKLE!

JUST RECEIVED, A FINE OF

SET NETS, DIP NETS, THROW NETS, RODS, LINES, FLIES, and SNELLS.

A new Lure, called the

LUMINOUS BAIT,

will be on exhibition about MARCH 15th, NEXT. This new Bait is highly recommended.

BASE BALLS AND BATS.

REVOLVERS, $1 to $8 for No. 22, seven shot DOUBLE ACTION (self cocking), $2.50 to $8.00.

A Fine Line of

POCKET CUTLERY AND SCISSORS.

A stock of small Musical Instruments, such as VIOLINS, GUITARS, BANJOS, MANDOLINS, MOUTH HARMONICAS, FIFES and PICCOLOS.

Always on hand, as well as the

BEST MUSICAL STRINGS

at the lowest prices. Give us a trial, at the

Great Central Gun Works,

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.
19 8 1y

TO ALL PERSONS TO WHOM THESE PRESents shall come, Isaac Y Lucas saudeth greeting.

Whereas, I, the said Isaac Y. Lucas, by my letter of attorney bearing date January 4, 1884, did make and constitute William Shoemaker my attorney for certain purposes and with certain powers in the said letter of attorney contained as therein at large appeareth, know ye that I the said Isaac Y. Lucas, for divers considerations, me thereunto moving have made void, countermanded and revoked; and do hereby make void, countermand and revoke the said letter of attorney and all and singular the powers given by virtue thereof.

In witness whereof I have set my hand and seal this 3d day of March, 1887.

ISAAC Y. LUCAS. SEAL

Acknowledged before me March 3rd, 1887, D. H. YEAGER, J. P.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Beecher's Obsequies.

BROOKLYN, March 9.—The work of embalming the body of the late Rev. Henry Ward Beecher was completed this afternoon.

The sculptor took a plaster cast of the dead preacher's head and face today.

The coffin was completed this afternoon and placed in the parlor on the first floor.

Mrs. Beecher has not seen her husband since she pressed his hand in his dying moments. She is remarkably composed under the circumstances, and for a woman of her years has manifested the greatest fortitude. The decision of the family is to admit no person to the house until the body is removed, with the exception of one or two intimate friends whose services are indispensable.

Colonel Lackner, of the Thirteenth Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., of which Mr. Beecher was chaplain, called on General King and had a long talk with him as to the part the regiment would take in the funeral services. No definite arrangements were arrived at, but it is understood that the regiment will escort the body from the house to the church after the conclusion of the private funeral services. The regiment will not enter the church.

Company G will act as a guard of honor while the body is lying in state in the church. The body will lie in state to-morrow afternoon and possibly the whole of Friday. It has not been determined yet whether the body shall be removed to the vault in which it is to be temporarily kept at Greenwood cemetery, on Friday or Saturday. The church is now being prepared for the public funeral service, at which the Rev. Dr. Hall is to officiate.

Notwithstanding the objection Mr. Beecher always expressed to the display of mourning, in every part of the city to-day more or less of this sombre insignia of death is displayed. The City Hall is being draped, also the Court House and Municipal buildings. Many private dwellings are draped and flags on many buildings are at half-mast.

The latest funeral arrangements are as follows: Private funeral services will be held at the house to-morrow at 9.30 a. m. The body will then lie in state at Plymouth church until Friday morning at 10.30, when the funeral services will be held. If it is deemed advisable the body will lie in state until Saturday morning, when there will be a private burial, the casket being taken to Greenwood cemetery, where it will remain in the receiving vault until Mrs Beecher has selected its final resting place. All of Mr. Beecher's dead children were buried in the west and his father and mother were interred at Litchfield, Conn.

The committee of Plymouth church having in charge the funeral arrangements say that as the Academy of Music is not obtainable on the day of the funeral, it is proposed to hold services on that day in other sacred edifices. The memorial services of Logan Post, G. A. R., will be held in the church nearest that of Plymouth

Kindly Act of a War Governor.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Ex-Governor Curtin, of Pennsylvania, before leaving the city for his home, did a graceful and touching act which will go far to heal the wounds between ex-Confederate soldeirs and old war Governors. Governor Curtin's most intimate friend in the House was General Oates, of Alabama, who was a dashing Confederate officer. He was one who followed Lee in his campaign through Pennsylvania, and to-day carries an armless sleeve as an evidence of his presence at Gettysburg. Governor Curtin, when Minister to St. Petersburg, was presented with a handsome and valuable pair of sleeve buttons by the Czar of Russia. Not long since one of the buttons was lost.

Yesterday morning the two men met at Chamberlin's, when Governor Curtin took from his pocket the remaining button. Asking for the armless sleeve of the Confederate General, the Governor gracefully placed the button in the shirt cuff and said to General Oates that he desired to leave with a memento that as upon the soil of Pennsylvania, and perhaps with a Pennsylvania gun in the hands of a Pennsylvania soldier, he had lost his arm, he wanted to present him with the button as an evidence that he, as the Executive of the State at the time of the struggle, had forgotten the past and would bind the wounds of his foes with ribbons of love and good fellowship.

General Oates, though brave as a lion, showed the gentleness of a woman after looking first at the little trophy and then at the old war Governor and could not restrain his tears. They bade each other an affectionate farewell, and Mr Curtin started for the train to carry him to his rural home, forever to retire from the stage of public life, where he has been a prominent actor for nearly half a century.

An American Funeral at Sramboul.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 9.—The funeral of G. Harris Heap, the late United States Consul General, took place yesterday. Sir William A. White, the British Ambassador, and Lady and Miss White were present, together with the whole diplomatic body, and all the prominent members of American and English Society here. The Consuls-General acted as pall bearers. The coffin was conveyed to the English cemetery at Scutari on board the English Embassy's launch, the cortege following on the Imogene, the steam yacht attached to the English Embassy. The Rev. George Washington, the Chaplain of the British Embassay conducted the funeral service, Canon Curtis assisting. Turkish gendarmes escorted the cortege through the streets of Constantinople.

Young John A. Logan's Wedding.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 9.—Invitations will be issued to day for the wedding of John A. Logan, Jr., and Miss Edith H. Andrews, which is announced to take place at the home of the bride's parents, No 720 Wick avenue, on Tuesday, March 22. The ceremony will be performed at 12 o'clock noon, and the couple will leave at 3 p. m. on a trip through the South, returning here six weeks later. In accordance with the wishes of the couple the wedding will be very quiet, only relatives and near personal friends being in attendance. Upon the return of the bridal couple the groom will engage in a business partnership with Mr. Andrews. The maid of honor will be the sister of the bride, and Manning Fish, of Joliet, Ill., will attend the groom.

Buried in Flowers.

NEW YORK, March 10.—In spite of the rain, the streets in the vicinity of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's house were crowded this morning. Promptly at 9.30 Rev. Charles Hall, of the Church of the Holy Trinity, entered the house. After a short conversation with Major J. B. Pond he entered the front parlor and commenced to read the burial service from the ritual of the Episcopal church. A quartette sang "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," "Beyond the Sighing and the Weeping," and "Come, Holy Spirit." While the services were in progress in the house, company G, known as "Plymouth Company of the Thirteenth Regiment," was drawn up in front of the house, on Hicks street. They were dressed in the regulation uniform. Only the members of the family and a few intimate friends were present during the services at the house. The family were seated in the back parlor. None of the family were dressed in black.

A few minutes before the remains were carried out of the house to the hearse the rain ceased and the clouds passed away and the sunshine burst out bright and clear. A ray shone through the front windows of the parlor, and before the lid of the casket had been screwed down rested upon the face of the great divine, lighting it up and forming a halo around the head. At the conclusion of the service at the house the Rev. Dr. Hall spoke for fifteen minutes. He was very much affected and evidently spoke from his heart.

After the sermon the members of the family retired to other rooms, and Undertaker Hopper's assistants came in and carried the casket down the steps to the hearse, which stood in the rear of the Thirteenth regiment. On the coffin was laid a pall of bright green fern, and with its emerald hues intermingled the beautiful shades of many varieties of roses.

The Plymouth company, which had led the van of the regiment as it approached the house, formed eight file front and followed the coffin to the rear, and then took the position of guard of honor. As the coffin was brought out of the house the bugle band of the regiment sounded a solemn dirge. As soon as the guard of honor had taken up its position round the hearse, the regiment was formed into twelve file, with arms reversed. The procession then moved slowly down Clark street until the hearse passed the front of the house, when the members of the family who desired got in the carriages in waiting and brought up the rear, falling in line as the cortege moved on, the drum corps playing a funeral march with muffled drums. On arriving at the church the regiment formed double file-front, to receive the body at the Orange street entrance, in form of which the hearse drew up.

The casket was carried in the church up the Henry street aisle and placed on dais in front of the pulpit. The pall was drawn back and the sliding top of the casket was removed, exposing to view the face of the dead. The guard of honor took up its position and then the regiment filed into the church in double-file front, marched up one aisle and passed in front of the coffin, breaking ranks and passing one file on each side, and then down the other aisle to the street. In the meantime General Horatio C. King played, as the body was borne in the church, Beethoven's "Burial March." It is the same march that was played at the great composer's funeral in 1827. The regiment then reformed and marched to the armory, with the drum corps leading. When they drew up in front of the house the color bearers faced the door and the body was received with drooping ensigns.

All afternoon long the number of people passing through the church to view the remains continued to increase, and the rush was so great to gain admission to the church that the police could not keep the line. It was therefore found necessary to increase the force of officers. Round the church doors it was with the utmost difficulty that the regular worshippers could get inside the edifice. As the day advanced the line of people extended until it reached Fulton street, then down one side of the next block and up another wing, across Henry street. It was estimated that nearly twenty thousand people passed before the catafalque during the day. All this time there was music on the grand organ. There were so many wreaths and boquets left on the bier that a special place had to be made near the platform at the foot of the pulpit to receive them.

The will of Mr. Beecher was read today. Beyond the fact that Mrs. Beecher is first provided for nothing is known of its contents.

A Wretched State of Affairs.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., March 10.—Officers to-day visited the wretched underground hovel of the eccentric and wealthy Denmead family to investigate the disappearance of Mrs. Denmead. On reaching the door they were confronted by John Denmead, one of the brothers, who attempted to prevent their entrance, but he was easily overpowered. As the door opened a frightful stench assailed the nostrils of the party. John Denmead, seeing that resistance was useless, procured a light and led the way into the rear room, where upon the same bed lay the dead bodies of Cornelia and Robert Denmead, horribly decomposed.

When asked why the fact of his relatives' death had not been made known John said, "We were afraid they would be taken away from us." Officers were placed on guard at the hovel and John and Samuel Denmead were both taken into custody. John says that they both died five weeks ago and that he wanted to have them buried and out of the way, but Samuel would not listen to it. The bodies have been removed by order of the county physician. When Samuel was taken into the wash room of the jail to be given a bath he fought like a tiger.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, January 31, 1887.

WESTWARD	Exp A M	Mail P M.
Leave Lock Haven	9 00	3 45
Flemington	9 05	3 45
Mill Hall	9 09	3 48
Beech Creek	9 20	4 03
Eagleville f	9 30	4 08
Howard	9 44	4 22
Mount Eagle f	9 54	4 32
Curtin	10 01	4 38
Milesburg	10 12	4 48
Bellefonte	10 35	5 00
Milesburg	10 44	5 10
Snow Shoe Int	10 48	5 14
Unionville	10 58	5 24
Julian	11 09	5 35
Martha	11 19	5 47
Port Matilda	11 27	5 56
Hannah f	11 36	6 05
Fowler f	11 39	6 08
Dix f	11 42	6 11
Bald Eagle	11 48	6 19
Vail	11 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	12 05	6 35
EASTWARD	P M	A
Leave Tyrone	7 15	8 10
East Tyrone	7 22	8 17
Vail	7 28	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 34	8 25
Dix f	7 41	8 31
Fowler f	7 45	8 32
Hannah f	7 50	8 36
Port Matilda	8 00	8 48
Martha	8 10	8 51
Julian	8 22	8 59
Unionville	8 2-	9 10
Snow Shoe Int	8 3-	9 13
Milesburg	8 39	9 22
Bellefonte	8 49	9 32
Milesburg	9 01	9 47
Curtin	9 11	10 01
Mount Eagle f	9 17	10 08
Howard	9 27	10 16
Eagleville f	9 40	10 30
Beech Creek	9 45	10 35
Mill Ha-	10 01	10 50
Flemington f	10 04	10 54
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 10	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Jan. 31, 1887

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6:45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:2- a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.00 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11:00 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.15 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.29 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 8:05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Jan. 31, 1887.

Dis.	Westward a.m.	Westward p.m.		Eastward a.m.	Eastward a.m.	Eastward p.m.
.0	5.50	1.30	MONTANDON	6.30	9.10	5.0
1.5	6.00	1.40	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5.20	9.00	5.35
1.5	6.05	1.40	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar		9.00	5.35
5.4	6.15	1.48	Biehl f		8.51	5.22
6.8	6.22	1.56	Vicksburg f		8.45	5.15
10.7	6.33	2.09	MIFFLINBURG		8.33	5.3
13.1	6.40	2.16	Barber f		8.26	4.55
15.2	6.46	2.2	Sweigle f		8.20	4.46
16.1	6.48	2.27	Millmont		8.18	4.43
18.6	7.00	2.37	LAURELTON		8.12	4.30
23.5	7.08	2.53	Pardee f		7.58	4.1
24.7	7.12	3.01	Weiker f		7.54	4.0
28.9	7.27	3.07	Cherry Run f		7.45	3.58
32.2	7.35	3.17	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.35	3.44
33.9	7.41	3.20	Fowler f		7.32	3.42
36.6	7.49	3.30	Coburn		7.23	3.3
39.6	7.56	3.40	Zerby f		7.15	3.23
43.4	8.10	3.50	Rising Springs		7.06	3.15
46.2	8.19	4.00	Penn's Cave f		6.58	3.07
49.2	8.27	4.07	CENTRE HALL		6.50	3.00
51.6	8.34	4.12	Gregg f		6.43	2.53
54.6	8.45	4.23	Linden Hall		6.36	2.45
56.7	8.52	4.27	OAK HALL		6.30	2.37
58.3	8.56	4.30	LEMONT		6.25	2.31
60.2	9.03	4.36	Dale Summit f		6.20	2.25
63.9	9.14	4.45	Pleasant Gap f		6.09	2.12
65.2	9.19	4.51	Axeman f		6.04	2.05
67.4	9.25	4.55	BELLEFONTE		6.00	2.00

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—To take effect Monday, Jan. 24, 1887.

EASTWARD. No. 4	No 2	Dis.	STATIONS.	Dis.	WESTWARD. No. 1	No 3
P. M.	A. M				A. M	P. M
7 00	9 00	18.	Ar. Bellefte, Lv	0	6 10	4 40
6 50	8 50	14.7	Hastings, F	3.2	6 20	4 5
6 42	8 42	12 5	Hunters	5 5	6 25	4 18
6 39	8 39	11.2	Fillmore	6.8	6 31	5 01
6 35	8 35	10.	Seller, F	8	6 3	5 05
6 20	8 20	8.	Waddles	0.	6 40	5 10
6 10	8 10	3.2	Thompson, F.	14.8	7 00	5 30
6 06	8 06	2	Krumrine	16.	7 04	5 34
6 00	8 00	0	State College	18.	7 10	5 4

Trains will stop at stations marked F when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Train 2 will connect with trains East and West on B. E. V. R. R.

Train 3 will connect with train West on B. E. R. R.

Train 4 will connect with train East on B. E. V. R. R., and with train West on Snow Shoe Branch.

THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Sup't.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Jan. 31, 1887.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 28
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 15	5 50
Marengo f	1 25	5 58
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 35	6 10
Dungarvin	1 39	6.13
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 28
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 56
L. and T. Junc	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A M
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. Junc	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 28
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 20	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 38
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Jan. 31, 1887.

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 25 p m
" " Harrisburg		3 30 a m
" " Williamsport		7 10 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 35 a m
" " Lock Haven		7 58 a m
" " Renovo		8 50 a m
" arr at Erie		4 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		7 40 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 25 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		2 13 p m
" Lock Haven		3 35 p m
" Renovo		4 30 p m
" " Kane		8 35 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 00 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 50 a m
" Harrisburg		3 45 p m
" Williamsport		7 10 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 02 p m
" Renovo		9 00 p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves Phil's		4 10 a m
" " Harrisburg		7 40 a m
" " W'm'sport		10 35 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 35 a m
" " arr. at Renovo		12 30 p m
EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven		7 05 a m
" " Jer'sS're		7 35 a m
" " W'msp't		8 15 a m
" " arr. at Harrisb'g		11 30 a m
" " Phila'phia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane		6 25 a m
" " Renovo		10 20 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 15 a m
" " Williamsport		12 20 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 13 p m
" " Philadelphia		6 50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		2 45 p m
" " Renovo		11 00 p m
" " Lock Haven		11 58 p m
" " Williamsport		1 25 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 10 a m
" " Philadelphia		8 25 a m
RENOVO ACN leaves Renovo daily		4 05 p m
" arrives at Harrisb'g		9 30 p m
" " Philadelphia		4 25 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R. at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

General Sherman's Son.

TO BECOME A PRIEST OR MISSIONARY AFTER A COURSE AT WOODSTOCK.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"I am Mr. Sherman." The speaker stood in the reception room of the Detroit (Jesuit) College on Jefferson avenue this morning. He came here a month ago to enter the college as an instructor, against, it was reported, the express wishes of his father, General Sherman. Mr. Sherman is a slightly built young man. He wore a handsome silk gown or vestment, which fell quite to his feet. The gown was very becoming. His hair is a light brown modestly brushed back of his forehead, he has a fair complexion, a strong, square, manly face, honest looking gray eyes, a fresh, kindly agreeable manner and a general air of health and vigor. On the whole, his resemblance to the ideal priest is slight—in fact remarkably so. As a matter of fact "General Sherman's son Tom" is not a full-fledged priest, but merely a "scholastique."

"My father was disappointed at my course in entering the church," said Mr. Sherman. "He had not intended me for a recluse and was, of course disappointed. Still there is no breach between us, as has been falsely reported. I spent some time with him recently. We are perfectly friendly, and since coming here I have received a number of letters from him. I am now professor of the rhetoric class. Next year I shall have concluded my fourth year as a scholastic. I shall then spend four years as a student of theology at Woodstock College, Maryland, after which I shall be ordained. What will become of me then only the church can say. I suppose I shall be a parish priest or a missionary."

"Of course you do not regret your action?"

"No, I am very happy here, and have never regretted the course I have taken. We never look backward—always forward. Ours is not the usual life of a monastic. Our order aims to live much as laymen live. We take the usual vows of chastity, poverty and obedience, but "poverty" only means that we shall have no private property. We live in a community and we are well lodged, well fed and well clothed. Our rooms are comfortable, but not luxurious. Mine is about fifteen feet long by twelve wide. It has no carpet or pictures, but is furnished with a good bed, chairs, dressing table, wardrobe, washstand—all plain, but good. We have excellent food, and plenty of it and there is actually nothing to complain of. We rise at 4:30 or 5 o'clock, dress ourselves and pass an hour in meditation. We usually meditate upon some passage in Scripture, which we apply to our own lives. For instance, the subject of a recent meditation of mine was the text: "Judge not, lest ye be judged." After meditation we attend mass in a body."

"What are the day's duties?"

"We breakfast at 7 o'clock," said Mr. Sherman, "and begin teaching at 9 My class numbers eighteen boys. We aim to make our pupils thoroughly educated, cultivated men. With an interval for dinner, the school lasts until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. At 4 o'clock I lay aside my dress, assume that of an ordinary laymen and walk out upon the streets. When I return I lay out my lessons for the next day's class. At 7 o'clock we eat supper. All our meals are eaten in silence, some brother reading aloud from some improving book, so that all may hear. At 7:30 we go to the drawing room and spend an hour in recreation and conversation. At 8:30 a bell rings and we file off to chapel, where we hold communion prayer for fifteen minutes. After that we spend fifteen minutes in preparing our meditation for the morning. Then we examine our conscience as to what we have done during the day. Then we sleep."

Victor Hugo's Poetic Plea.

The story is told that Victor Hugo, concerning himself on behalf of one condemned, called on King Louis Philips to intercede for the unfortunate man. It was a second compassionate effort of the poet's, but the hour was late and the monarch, being now retired to bed, could not be seen. Not to be wholly balked of his purpose, Hugo left a plea, in suddenly improvised verse, on the table, to meet the King's eye in the morning. There had been a recent death in the royal family of an idolized daughter, and a birth, too, as well. Of these incidents the poet availed himself in his quatrain, which very closely rendered, runs as follows:

"By your lost angel, dove-like from you flown,
By this sweet royal babe, fair, fragile reed,
Mercy once more! Be mercy, mercy shown!
In the tomb's name, and cradle's both, I plead.

The poet's plea availed.

How can you expect a woman to keep up with the age when she has so much difficulty in keeping up with her own?

Miscellaneous.

NEVER FAILS TO CRUE DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA-MORBUS, COLIC, FLATULENCE, &c

PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS

SURE, PROMPT INFALLIBLE.

TRIAL BOTTLE, 10 CTS. LARGE BOTTLE, 50 CTS.

A SINGLE DOSE AFFORDS IMMEDIATE RELIEF!

Dr. W. J. BROWN, of Woodbine, Kentucky, says: "I always prescribe PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, etc. It answers every purpose for which it is put up." PHILIP COOK, Selma, Kansas, says: "I shall never be without PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS. They cured me of a case of Colic which had doubled me up with pain."

For sale by P. FORTNEY GRAY, Bellefonte, Pa.

THE GREAT APERIENT ROGERS' GRAPOLINE

CURES HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM. A. H. ROGERS & CO., GENESEO, N. Y. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

H. W. JOHNS' ASBESTOS LIQUID PAINTS

These Paints are in every respect strictly first-class, being composed of the best and purest materials obtainable. They have a larger sale than any other paints made in this country or abroad, and, although they cost a trifle more per gallon, they will do more and better work for the same amount of money, owing to their wonderful covering properties, while their superior durability renders them the most economical paints in the world. Sample Sheets and Descriptive Price List free by mail.

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SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF

H. W. Johns' Fire and Water-Proof Asbestos Roofing, Sheathing, Building Felt, Asbestos Steam Packings, Boiler Coverings, Roof Paints, Fire-Proof Paints, etc. VULCABESTON, Moulded Piston-Rod Packing, Rings, Gaskets, Sheet Packing, etc.

Established 1858. 87 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK. CHICAGO. PHILADELPHIA. LONDON.

Thousands of cases of Consumption are cured every year by Acker's celebrated English Remedy. It is a guaranted preparation; if it does not help you it will cost you nothing. Try it. A single dose will show its good effect. Trial bottles 10 cts. WALTER W. BAYARD.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by J. ZELLER & SON, Bellefonte, and D. F. Taylor Lemont.

Terms Cash.

"No use!" called the Greenfield farmer to the young man who was tramping across his farm with a gun on his shoulders."

"Hey! Speaking to me?"

"Yes, I said it was no use coming around here any more. The old cat is dead."

"I didn't want your cat"

"Oh, then you know a cat from a rabbit? 'Scuse my mistake, but I took you for one o' them Detroit fellers. You can go ahead, but every time you shoot at one of my calves for a b'ar it will cost you $5, and you'll see a sign of 'No Trust' nailed on the barn"

Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by WALTER W. BAYARD.

IT IS WONDERFUL

how easily rheumatism begins, and how insidiously it grows in the system, until one is startled to find himself its victim in either the acute or chronic form. He then learns the fearful tenacity of its grip and the utter powerlessness of the ordinary remedies to give relief.

Probably to no disease have physicians given more study, and none has more completely baffled their efforts to provide a specific; and until Athlophoros was discovered there was no medicine which would surely cure rheumatism, neuralgia and nervous or sick headache. Thousands of testimonials like the following prove beyond question that Athlophoros is the only reliable remedy, and that it will do all that is claimed for it.

Catskill, Green Co., N. Y.
August 19, 1886.

I can recommend the Athlophoros to anybody that is in want of it. It has cured my mother who has had neuralgia all her life and also rheumatism. She says she is all free from pain now, and will not be without a bottle for twice the price. I gave a bottle to my brother who had neuralgia in the bowels and it fixed him in a few days. FRANK EDWARDS.

Rouses Pt., Clifton Co., N. Y.
August 18th, 1886.

Two years ago this Summer I was sorely afflicted with rheumatism in my right knee and left shoulder, and was induced by a friend to try Athlophoros. I used five bottles, got well, and have been comparatively free from rheumatism since. I have great faith in it, and have recommended it to my friends. So far as I know all who have tried it speak its praise.

R. HEATON.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled. 9

PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY

DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION and all wasting diseases can be entirely cured by it. MALARIA is completely eradicated from the system by its use. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY revives the energies of those worn with excessive bodily or mental effort. It acts as a SAFEGUARD against exposure in the wet and rigorous weather

TAKE part of a wineglassful on your arrival home after the labors of the day and the same quantity before your breakfast. Being chemically pure, it commends itself to the medical profession.

Watch the Label

None genuine unless having the signature of the firm on the label

ALL DRUGGISTS.

M & J S. PERRINE, 37 N. Front St., PHILA.

19 1 1y

WORKING CLASSES ATTENTION! We are now prepared to furnish all classes with employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5.00 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting all their time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this may send their address, and test the business, we make this offer. To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars and outfit free. Address GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

RUPTURE Cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St. Phila., Pa. Ease at once. No operation or business. Thousands of cures. At Keystone House, Reading, Pa., 2d Saturday of each month. Send for circulars. Advice free. 19-3 1-y

YOU can live at home, and make more money at work for us, than at anything else in this world. Capital not needed; you are started free. Both sexes; all ages. Any one can do the work. Large earnings sure from first start. Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay. Costs you nothing to send us your address and find out; if you are wise you will do so at once. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE

For Dropsy, Gravel, Bright's, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases, Nervousness, &c. Cure guaranteed. Office 831 Arch street, Philadelphia. $1.00 per bottle, 6 for $5.00, at Druggists. Try it 19-3-1-y

MONEY to be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away than any thing else in this world. Any one can do the work and live at home. Either sex; all ages. Something new, that just coins money for all workers. We will start you; capital not needed. This is one of the genuine, important chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising will not delay. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. feb11 1y d&w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Edmund Blanchard, deceased. Letters of Administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to MRS. MARY F. BLANCHARD, Bellefonte Pa.

Belle onte, Pa., Feb. 9, 1887 6 6t

Hotel Albemarle,

Penn Ave. and Sixth St.,

PITTSBURG, PA.

First class accommodations; large and elegant sample rooms; rooms with bath, &c. The house is fully equipped with all modern conveniences

RATES REDUCED TO $2.5

and upwards per day. Special arrangements with large parties.

J. S. BARROLL, Manager, Late of the Hotel Anderson.

19 10 1m

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—Cold and blustery.

—A colored postmaster would be a blackmailer.

—Shad contains as many bones this year as it did last

—Philipsburgers are looking at the Engle clock this week.

—General Simon Cameron was 88 years of age on Wednesday.

—The knitting mill building in Millheim is approaching completion.

—The trailing arbutus is getting ready to attract the early spring lovers.

—A woman who has newspapers in her bustle is backed up by intelligence.

—Why should a watch never be dry? Because it has a running spring inside.

—Why is an idea like a pig? Because you must catch it before you can pen it.

—Improvements are in progress to the dwelling house on Linn street owned by Mr. Edward Graham.

—A party of Virginians are buying up walnut trees in Brush Valley, which are being shipped to Europe.

—The new German hotel, which will grace the present location of the ruins, will be reared in all its beauty and completeness by August 1.

—Frank S. Davidson in "Hans, the German Detective," supported by a first-class company, will be in Bellefonte on the evening of the 21st.

—The people of Huntingdon county are making arrangements for the celebration of the hundredth anniversary of the organization of that county.

—The *Keystone Gazette* was in error Friday in announcing the death of Hon. B. F. Hunter. We are pleased to inform our readers that that gentleman is alive and well.

—Over in Millheim the horse thieves are content with only taking the horse from the stable and tying it to a fence rail. They don't care for the horse all they are after is the sport.

—The survivors of the One Hundred and Eighty-fourth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers expect to hold a reunion in this place some time next June. Joshua Fork, of this place, and Frank Jones, of Mount Carmel, have charge of the preparations.

—An effort is being made to erect a monument to the memory of Major Gen. John Sedgwick, at Spottsylvania, at the exact place where the gallant old commander fell while leading the Sixth Corps. The monument will be dedicated on Thursday, May 12.

—Correction—The reporter failed on the first day to catch correctly the names of two assistant statistical secretaries. They should be: E T Swartz, Statistical Secretary; P P Strawinski, E H Witman John H Mortimer and H L Jacobs, assistant statistical secretaries.

—Mrs. Angie F. Newman, who will make an address this Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock during the meeting of the Women's Home Missionary Society in the Methodist church, is a very eloquent lady. Her efforts in opposition to Mormonism have won for her a national reputation.

—The entertainment for the benefit of the Brass Band, at Sandy Ridge on last Friday and Saturday evenings, we learn from a spectator, was a grand success financially and other ways. The performers were all Sandy Ridge people, but they have lots of dramatic talent and know how to use it.—*Philipsburg Ledger.*

—Bishop Warren, on Thursday morning, announced that during the past year, within the bounds of the M. E. Conference, 6,994 persons had been converted. "Then," said he, "we can sing 'Praise God from whom all blessings flow.'" The singing of the doxology was very devout and earnest on this occasion.

—Henry Quigley, son of Captain James A. Quigley, of Eagleville, this county, has been appointed a cadet at West Point military academy. The appointment was made by Hon. A. G. Curtin, Captain James A. Quigley, father of the young cadet, served with distinction in the late war, and his son seems to have inherited the military spirit of his father.

—The details of a reported sale of controlling interests in the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, coal, telegraph and express properties to a syndicate, headed by Mr. Alfred Solly, is given in telegrams this morning. The purchasing party is supposed to represent the Reading, the Pennsylvania, the Jersey Central and the New York Central who will command all the business coming into New York. If the transfer is about to take place it will be the most stupendous of the age. But it is improbable and from some quarters is positively denied.

—Saturday, says a special dispatch from Philipsburg to the Altoona *Tribune*, the citizens of this place (Philipsburg) are having an opportunity to vote for or against the building of a new school house. While the project is meeting with some opposition, yet it is generally thought it will carry the day. The school board propose building one not exceeding in cost $25,000 and probably only $20,000, with a loan at 4 per cent for twenty-five or thirty years. Philipsburg is behind most other towns in the schooling of her children and every citizen should carefully weigh the matter and vote as they think best.

BURNED TO DEATH.

THE HORRIBLE AND FATAL ACCIDENT NEAR UNIONVILLE ON THURSDAY.

After dinner on Thursday Myron Iddings, of near Unionville, went to the woods to start a fire and boil maple water for sugar. Myron was about 35 year of age, a large man, weighing about 160 pounds, and unmarried. About 2.30 o'clock his father, Mr. Reuben Iddings, who lives about two miles this side of Unionville, also went to the camp. To his horror, he found his son lying in the fire, his body burned almost to a crisp and, when found, the young man was dead. His legs and feet were most severely burned and the charred flesh dropped from the bones. His hair and moustache were singed, and many parts of his body showed the effects of the terrible flames.

Dr. H. K. Hoy, the coroner, was summoned at once and a jury investigated the circumstances. All the evidence available was brought to their notice and they quickly agreed upon a verdict. It was known to the family and to many neighbors that the deceased was subject to epileptic fits, and the circumstances all indicated that while stooping over the fire he was siezed with one of these distressing attacks. If this is the case his death was probably painless. The verdict is as follows:

We, the coroner's jury, find that Myron Iddings came to his death by falling into the fire while engaged in boiling sugar water near his father's residence in Marion township this 10th day of March, 1887, and we further believe that his fall was the result of an epileptic seizure, to which he was subject.

P. J. McDonnell, foreman.
J. W Hoover,
A. J. St Clair,
W. I. Brower,
Jas. T. McCully,
W. H. Summers,

H. K. Hoy, Coroner.

Beautiful Presents of Rich Jewels.

It was on Tuesday evening last that one of those occurences which so frequently enliven the history of Bellefonte's Masonic fraternity, took place in Lodge No. 268, of this place. At that time two richly and elegantly chased solid silver past master's jewels were presented—one to Harry Hale and the other to W. I. Fleming. These jewels—which are so tastful and so replete with significance in their design and exquisite finish—are in satin lined cases of rare beauty and constitute possessions well calculated to awaken interest and appreciation.

The design includes three cross pieces above, upon which is engraved the name and number of the Lodge. On the square suspended beneath are the following raised emblems: An open Bible, a gauge, gavel, trowel, level and plumb. The apron is in the angle of the square. On the reverse side of the square is inscribed: "Presented to Past Master" (here occurs the name) "by Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, F. and A. M."

A GIFT TO THE LODGE.

At the same time a case of seven pieces of solid silver very beautiful and valuable, handsomely engraved and marked, was presented to the Lodge. It was the gift of Mrs. Mary V. Hale, wife of Dr. E. W. Hale, and the speech of presentation was made by Dr. Hale. The present is especially acceptable and very appropriate at this time, in view of the recent loss by fire. It was thankfully received and acknowledged.

Hurrah for the State Capital!

The subjoined notice we clip from the Philadelphia *Press*:

AN ENTHUSIASTIC READER.

To the Editor of The Press.

Sir: Many thanks for your favorable notice of Bellefonte as the best location and fittest place for the State capital. We always thought *The Press* full of sense and wise discretion, but now we know it. When you come again to see us come prepared to stay longer, and when you again refer to the location do not overlook

The Beautiful Fountain.

Bellefonte, March 8, '87.

—We are requested by the ladies of St. John's Protestant Episcopal church of this place to express their thanks to the Union Insurance Company of Philadelphia for a check of $100 received on Thursday for insurance. It is not generally known that a large part of the furniture of the Episcopal rectory, not being in use, was stored above W. F. Reynolds' bank and was burned in the recent fire Although the furniture was insured the proper changes in the policy had not been made when the furniture was moved, consequently the company was under no obligations to pay the loss But the circumstances influenced the company to give the check for $100, which is virtually a present. Mr. W. S. Hassall, father of Mrs Frank Montgomery of this place, is the President of the company.

Fire at Potters Mills.

The large saw mill operated by William Thompson, at Potters Mills, this county, was entirely destroyed by fire at 11 o'clock on Thursday night. The flames were started by a spark from the stove and burned very rapidly. The lumber was removed and saved, but the mill and all its contents were destroyed. The loss is quite heavy and the insurance small.

—The marriage of Mr. James E. Scott and Miss Annie McCormick is announced as having occurred last Sunday in Centre Hall, Rev. Fischer officiating.

The Question of Sunday Trains.

Dear Mr Editor: I write in a spirit of charity and as I trust with the kindliest feelings, in regard to the proposed running of a train next Sunday on the Buffalo Run Railroad. I have no idea that my words will have any effect in stopping it, but consider it a duty to express my convictions on the subject, if the Fountain will permit me to do so.

Of course, it will be urged that this move will be of great convenience to all persons living along the route of that railroad. The roads are desperately muddy and the iron rails and comfortable coaches are proof against any such deterring influence. It will be said that no more labor will be involved in the manning and moving of this train (scarcly as much, perhaps,) as if each family or persons should hitch up their separate steed and come to Bellefonte in private conveyance. I admit both propositions as self evident. But, dear Mr. Editor, and kind, well disposed public, I see in this a grave principle involved, a principle so high and so holy that for it any one would be willing, if need be, to shed his life-blood.

Remember, that the make-up of this train and its control during the day will involve tho work of at least three men all day. Perhaps they would not attend divine service even if not so employed. It is the duty of every Christian to encourage such persons to attend divine worship and a grevious sin to do anything which will prevent them. Again, it may be (though doubtful) that the railroad company may choose for the work only such employes as have no conscientious scruples on the subject. Even if this is done, is it not offering a premium to those who are willing to trample conscience in the dust? Will not everyone who rides on the train, in a measure encourge a violation of the sacredness of the Sabbath? If so, can any spiritual benefit flow from attendance at worship under such circumstances even though the ministers pray like Peter or preach like Paul? No, a thousand times no!

If each man comes in his private conveyance, all will attend worship and no one will be deprived of the privilege. All necessary work on God's holy day is permissible, but unnecessary work is a sin. The line of demarkation is easily drawn if one is not influenced by love of money or pleasure.

I write with the more hesitation, Mr. Editor, because I am a very earnest friend of the Buffalo Run Railroad and of all enterprises that contribute to the greatness of our beautiful Bellefonte. But, oh, let us make all these great institutions agencies of God, not of Satan.

A Lover of the Sabbath.

Death of Hon. David Witherow.

On Monday Hon. David Witherow died at his residence in McVeytown. The deceased some eight or ten years ago was stricken with apoplexy and during the greater part of the time since suffered from the effects of the disease. With the coming of his illness he lost the power of speech and was thus denied the pleasure of conversing with those who ministered so faithfully to him. He was a kind husband and father and for many years had been a consistent member of the Presbyterian church. At one time he was a prominent citizen of Mifflin county and served a term in the state legislature as a representative from that county. Deceased was aged 60 years and leaves a wife and three children; these latter are Maggie, wife of David Forgy, and Harry D., who live in Brainerd, Minn., and Miss Hannah who resides in McVeytown. During his long illness his wife and children did all possible to alleviate his sufferings. The funeral took place from the late residence of the deceased at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

National Guard Notes.

Commissions have been issued during the month of February for the following named officers: Eighth regiment, John W. Minnich, first lieutenant, company I, with rank from January 11, 1887, vice George F. Detwiler, deceased; Augustus Flury, second lieutenant, company I, with rank from January 11, 1887, vice Edwin K. McConkey, resigned.

Lieutenant Colonel John S. Garrett Fifth regiment, resigned February 24, 1887; Major Samuel F. Statler, Fifth regiment, assigned February 25, 1887; Brigadier General John A. Wiley, Second brigade, has been authorized to hold elections to fill the vacancies.

—The following is one of the latest swindles going: "A check for any amount is obtained from some depositor and a blank check exactly like the original filled out as procured. The two checks are laid perfectly even one above the other and torn in two, leaving the torn edges of both checks exactly alike. The blank end is filled out, generally for a much larger sum than the original, and as the two are torn exactly alike it fits to the end of the check containing the signature, which is genuine. The swindler takes it to the bank and explains that it was accidently torn. The cashier puts the pieces together, sees they fit and pays the check. The only remedy is to refuse payment on mutilated checks."

—On the 21st of this month will occur the vernal equinox, when the days and nights will be of equal length. It is a time ever looked forward to with much interest.

High School Exercises.

The pupils of the High Shool have literary exercises on every Friday afternoon. Yesterday they were begun by Ed P Butts, who read an essay about "Greece," and he was followed by John Morgan in an essay on that lively resort, "Saratoga." Will A Butts' declamation was entitled "Cataline" and Laura Hafer read an essay about the State she lives in—"Pennsylvania." Marion Nivling extracted the milk from "The Cocoanut" in her essay on that subject, and Florence Longacre read about "Making Maple Sugar," which is the next best to eating the sugar. "Our School" was the title of Will K Marshall's essay and Harry Klepper declaimed about "The Greedy Fox." In an essay Chas G Ginter took his hearers "A Trip across the Continent." Anna Stott read about "Willie's Resolution." Lilly Smith gave some light on "Lamps," in her essay on that subject. "War between the Romans and Albans" was described by Will T Kelly's essay, and Carrie Gross read about "Bluebeard," the man who had so many wives. Andy J Cruse, in an essay, told about the next capital city of the state—"Bellefonte"—and Chestie Potter read about "A Child's Faith." Myra Holliday read an essay on "Books.' She was followed by Bridget Curry, who read about an "Ambitious Apprentice" and then by Lulu Stover in an essay on "Diligence." After a declamation entitled "Little by Little," by George Potter Bessie Kane read an essay on "The Revolutionary War." In very excellent style Jennie Fauble read, "Resisting a Mother's Love" and Stella Armor in an essay told of the "Legends of Bregend." Will A Bartley became quite earnest in his declamation on "The Corsican Drummer Boy" and by way of 'Variety' Jennie Crittenden read an essay on that subject. "Ninety and Nine" was the numerical title of Anna MacBride's reading selection and "Joseph" was an essay by J B Armor, probably referring to the Scripture character of that name. Rosie Fox clapped the climax in a humorous way when she read "How a Woman Buy's Meat." M B P

Poe's Demon.

We object to newspapers reprinting poems by Edgar Allen Poe and then spoiling them either through natural ignorance or abominable proof-reading. For instance, some of them are now publishing Mr. Poe's supposed work "The Demon of the Fire," and they all print the first line thus:

"In the deepest *death* of midnight."

The word "death" ought to be "dearth," as it is in the original. Then in the fifth line they say,

"Faintly, faltering, floating,"

instead of

"Faintly, falteringly floating," &c.

Poe's poems are too beautiful and too musical to be thus butchered, and papers that can't print them right shouldn't print them at all.—*Lock Haven Democrat.*

We do not know how the poem is in the original, not having seen it; but we confess that, notwithstanding Joe. W. Furey's high reputation as a poet, we do not like his rendering of the lines, particularly of the first. We do not like either "death" or "dearth" but certainly prefer the former. We believe that depth would be the proper word and have no doubt that is the one Poe used. For instance, what would

"In the deepest *dearth* of midnight"

mean? "Dearth" means dryness, absence, scarcity—as for instance:

"There was *dearth* of woman's nursing,
There was *dearth* of woman's tears;
As the soldier of the legion
Lay dying in Algiers."

Therefore, the *depth*, or greatest intensity of, midnight would be a better time for the appearance of a demon than when there was either dryness or scarcity of midnight. Joe's rendering of the fifth line—

"Faintly, falteringly floating," is better, the metre seeming to demand the additional syllable. If it can be proven, however, that Joe has done what never before was accomplished by mortal man, namely, that he has learned exactly the meaning of Poe's poetry, we will agree that even his first criticism was well made. Prove your position, Joe.

—It is predicted that the "Star of Bethlehem" will appear this year for the sixth time since the birth of Christ. This star is said to appear directly north of the North star and to be visible in its dazzling light at noonday. It is a solar orb, many times the magnitude of our sun, whose orbit is yet uncalculated by any astronomer. Yes, this star has been predicted quite often of late, but usually the prediction is all there is of it.

—A man named Sam McKinley, working at McCoy & Linn's, was seized with a sudden and severe illness on Wednesday afternoon. He left his work for a few minutes to go to the creek. While there he fell to the ground and blood gushed from his nose and mouth. We have not heard whether his illness was caused by a hemorrhage or a fit, but are informed that he is at present in a precarious condition.

—The *Centre Democrat* does not understand its business when it critizises the parties who permitted the debris to remain near the burned buildings. Of course, it would be dangerous for anyone to go near the burned walls and perhaps the debris compelling people to travel on the other side of the street may save lives should the walls fall.

—A son of Mr. A. H. Smith, living near Cold Stream, near Philipsburg, says the *Ledger*, and sister Miss Alice, with a horse and buggy, started on their way Monday morning to Biger's, where the young lady teaches school. All went well until near Mr. Wm. McClellan's when the horse which they were driving, ran into a passing vehicle, which resulted in throwing the boy out of the buggy into the ditch, and one of the wheels running over him. Miss Smith took the accident philosophically, and after stopping the horse, alighted from the buggy, and went to help her little brother, who fortunately was not seriously injured.

—"Gentle Spring will soon be here and will receive a warm welcome when she arrives," remarks the Lock Haven *Express*. You are right, *Express*, according to the almanac, so far as the proximity of gentle Annie's advent is concerned; but in regard to the warm welcome we differ from you. Usually she receives a very chilling reception Even when she delays her arrival until nearly May she is sometimes welcomed with a snow storm. If gentle Spring arrives soon the temperature must moderate rapidly if her reception is going to be warm enough to go without a fur cap and mittens.

FREE TRADE

The reduction of internal revenue and the taking off of revenue stamps from Proprietary Medicines, no doubt has largely benefited the consumers, as well as relieving the burden of home manufacturers. Especially is this the case with *Green's August Flower* and *Boschee's German Syrup*, as the reduction of thirty-six cents per dozen, has been added to increase the size of the bottles containing these remedies, thereby giving one-fifth more medicine in the 75 cent size. The *August Flower* For Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and the *German Syrup* for Cough and Lung troubles, have perhaps, the largest sale of any medicines in the world The advantage of increased size of the bottles will be greatly appreciated by the sick and afflicted, in every town and village in civilized countries. Sample bottles for 10 cents remain the same size.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., March 7, 1887:

Mrs Jane Armstrong, Chas, C. Ayres, A. N. Cain, George Cox, Thos. A. Huston, J. C. Jamison, Thomas Kane, William Krug, R. M. Keller & Bro, Bessie McNeal, Mrs. Cath. Macattely, Mrs. Mary O'Neal, W. W. Rogers, Peter Schlar, William Stine, Sam S. Sanford, W. Willower

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

James H. Dobbins, P. M.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia Cured in Two Days.

The Indiana Chemical Co. have discovered a compound which acts with truly marvelous rapidity in the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia. We guarantee it to cure any and every case of acute Inflammatory Rheumatism and Neuralgia in 2 DAYS, and to give immediate relief in chronic cases and effect a speedy cure.

On receipt of 30 cents, in 2 cent stamps, we will send to any address the prescription for this wonderful compound, which can be filled by your home druggist at small cost We take this means of giving our discovery to the public instead of putting it out as a patent medicine, it being much less expensive. We will gladly refund the money if satisfaction is not given. The Indiana Chemical Co., Iy-ear-jan26 Crawfordsville, Ind.

Just Like Bellefonte Republicans.

"Here, boys, stop that fighting."

"We ain't fighting, mister; we're playing politics."

"What do you mean, then, by scratching each other, pulling hair and kicking each other's shins?"

"Oh, you see, him and me is on one side, an' we're letiin' the other boys see how much harmony there is in the party."—*York Dispatch.*

We have noticed the same sort of harmony in Bellefonte.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

Painless Childbirth, a new book by Dr. John H Dye, one of New York's most skillful physicians, shows that pain is not necessary in childbirth but results from causes easily understood and overcome. It clearly proves that any womam may become a mother without suffering any pain whatever. It tells how to overcome and prevent morning sickness, swelled limbs, and all other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable and highly endorsed by physicians everywhere as the wife's true private companion. Cut this out; it will save you great pain, and possibly your life. Send two cent stamp for descriptive circular, testimonials and confidential letter sent in sealed envelope. Address Frank Thomas & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Maryland.

—Mrs. Rachel Stine, an aged resident of Buffalo Run, died Friday morning at 2 o'clock. She was the widow of Rev. R. H. Stine, who is a member of the Central Pennsylvania M. E. Conference. Her son, who lives at what is known as Allen Bank, was with her when she died. Mrs. Stine was the daughter of 'Squire John Stine, of Patton township. Mrs. Mary Adams, who is also a widow, lived with her. The funeral occurred on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

An Enterprising Reliable House—

J. ZELLER & SON can always be relied upon, not only to carry in stock the best of everything, but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well known merit, and are popular with the people, thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell it on a positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of the Throat, Lungs, and Chest, and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free. Sold by D. F. Taylor, Lemont.

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says:

Toledo, O., Jan. 10, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience, have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure, if they would take it according to directions.

Yours truly,
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.,
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props.,
Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists. 75 cts.

All Sorts

Dinner—Waiter, I see you have turtle soup on the *menu*. Is it mock turtle?

Waiter—No, sir; mud.

Mr. Beecher, in advising students to pursue their studies by day, said "the worst oil a man every burns is the midnight oil."

He—"How old are you, Miss Emma?" She—"I am old enough to know better than to answer that question."

"Is that clock right over there?" asked a visitor. "Right over there," said the boy. "Tain't nowhere else."

A woman's beauty is most perfect when it is backed up by intelligence. A newspaper bustle is just the thing.

'Silver pitchers for presentation to bridal couples can be had of us as low as $2 and they will wear for three months," advertises a Chicago firm. That firm has tumbled to a long felt want and those pitchers will soon be sold all over the United States. Can't they manage to get up a set of silver spoons or forks for about 25 cents?

An oil broker received the following order from a lady who desired to make some pin money in oil: "Dear Sir—Please buy me 10,000 barrels of oil at ninety cents and sell at $1,10. Remit me the difference, less your commission. Upon the promptness with which you execute this order depends my future patronage. Very respectfully."

The Early Poet's Doom.

Young woman, listen to this: Tom Moore began to write poems when he was a boy of fourteen; Southey wrote his first verse when he was eleven Keats was a successful poet at eighteen; Leigh Hunt talked in rhyme at thirteen; Chaucer at twelve and Milton when he was only ten. And where are they now, Ethel? Where are they now? They are dead. Go wash the ink off your thumb and help your mother pare the potatoes, Ethel, if you would live long. I'll write the poetry. I don't care to live any longer. [P. S.—In fact, I'd rather die than pare the potatoes.]

An Answer Wanted.

Can any one bring us a case of Kidney or Liver Complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters, will prove. Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Weak Back, or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale at 50cts a bottle by J. ZELLER & SON, Bellefonte, and D F Taylor Lemont.

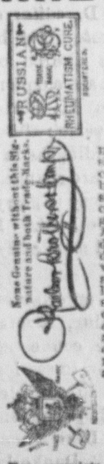
What we may Come To.

Mrs. Younghusband—Well, have you no more questions to ask?

Applicant—Shure, no mum. Ye same to be a dacint sort of person, but O! couldn't think av acceptin' the place till I see the written charecther ye got from yer last cook

If you would enjoy your dinner and are prevented by Dyspepsia, use Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. They are a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. We guarantee them. 25 and 50 cents. WALTER W. BAYARD.

RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE



HAS PROVED TO BE

THE REMEDY

FOR RHEUMATISM.

Marion, Ind., Aug. 12, 1886.

My wife was so afflicted with Rheumatism in her shoulder and arm that she could do nothing for herself, and could not sleep in bed, but had to be bolstered up in a rocking chair. Physicians prescribed, many patent medicines were used, but the pain still got worse. I sent for the *Russian Rheumatism Cure*, under a cloud of doubts. It was used according to directions for one week, and my wife was cured. It was one of those agreeable surprises that you meet once in a lifetime. It is now over four months since the cure was effected, and she can wash, iron, hoe in the garden, and do all kinds of work as well as ever, and has no symptoms of the old disease. We have no hesitancy in recommending the cure to all similarly afflicted, as SAFE AND SURE.

Truly yours,
H. J. FISHELL.

Thousands of others have been cured.

PRICE $2.50.

For complete information, Descriptive Pamphlet, with testimonials, free.

For sale by all druggists. If one of the other is not in position to furnish it to you, do not be persuaded to take anything else, but apply direct to the General Agents, PEARLZER BROS. & CO. 819 & 821 Market Street, Philadelphia.

13 13 y

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—The reception at the Presbyterian chapel Monday evening was enjoyable.

—Mrs. A. B. Weaver of Clearfield, is a guest at her parent's home on Linn St

—One hundred and thirty persons professed religion during the Methodist revival at Flemington.

—Captain Austin Curtin, of Milesburg, spent Sunday in Bellefonte, enjoying the services of Conference.

—The people of Altoona on Tuesday voted against borrowing $250,000 to improve the water system of that city.

—Major John W. Duncan, a Philadelphia ironmaster, died of apoplexy in the Logan House at Altoona at 8 o'clock Tuesday night.

—Henry Quigley, of Eagleville, lately appointed cadet to West Point, will go to that place on April 10 to begin his studies under a private tutor.

—Mrs. Gallagher, who died last week in Allegheny township, Cambria county, aged 91 years, was born on the farm on which she died and lived there all her life.

—A locomotive on the Lemont railroad ran off the track near this place on Tuesday afternoon, and the services of the construction force were necessary to place it again on the track.

—The burned, blackened walls of Garman's hotel and Reynolds' bank building have been removed. The new hotel building to be erected by the Messrs. Garman will be of pressed brick.

—On Tuesday evening, the 8th inst., four of the gentlemen who were examined to holy orders by the conference, entertained the examining committee to a banquet at the Brockerhoff House.

—Mr. William Woomer, who was for thirty years manager of the Greenwood Furnace, operated in connection with the Logan Iron Works, has been in Bellefonte during the M. E. Conference.

—Colonel Wilkinson and family have moved from the Hale residence on Allegheny street into the very comfortable and commodious residence owned by Mr. James L. Sommerville on Spring street.

—Mr. Ed. Woods, who has been teaching school at Gentzel's school house, was on Saturday appointed mail agent on the Bellefonte and Nittany Valley R. R., between this place and Montandon. He made his first trip on Monday.

—The great congregations of Sunday were those in the Methodist church in the morning, in the Presbyterian in the afternoon and again in the Methodist church in the evening. At the last mentioned meeting the attendance was wonderfully large.

—This evening after the anniversary of the Education Society, the members of the Conference will adjourn to the Presbyterian Chapel to meet the citizens of the town. The gathering will last until 11 o'clock and it will be a very pleasant event.

—Dr. H. K. Hoy, who has been spending the winter in New York studying the specialties of the eye and ear, is now prepared to do all kinds of eye and ear work. The outfit necessary for this work has just arrived. Call at his office, east end of Garman's residence, and get the benefit of his recent study and experience.

—Mr. Roly Miller, who has until quite recently been connected with Ludwig's grocery store, is about to associate himself with Mr. Will Harrison, of Pleasant Gap, in the grocery business. They will purchase Mr. David Solt's store at Zion, and after selling off the present stock will purchase a large supply of fresh groceries.

—The ladies of the Northumberland Presbytery held their convention in the Lock Haven Presbyterian church on the 16th and 17th. We will bet a cow that if the Northumberland Presbyterian ladies are as particular as are their missionary sisters in the Huntingdon Presbytery, that Joe W. Furey will not be allowed to enter the church while they are in session, even to obtain a report.

—Rev. C. W. Smith, D. D., editor of the Pittsburg *Christian Advocate*, filled the pulpit of the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning, delivering an eloquent discourse from the text in II Corinthians, 3d chapter and 18th verse: "But we all, with open face, beholding, as in a glass, the glory of the Lord, are changed into the same image, from glory to glory, even as by the spirit of the Lord." It was one of the strongest and most edifying sermons of Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. McMillen entertained at supper, on Monday evening, several distinguished guests who are connected with the M. E. conference, now in session Among those who sat down to the elegant supper were Rev. Bishop Warren, Rev. Dr. Buttz, President of Drew Theological Seminary; Rev. J. R. Dunkerly and wife, of Shippensburg; Rev. T. S. Wilcox, superintendent of the Methodist Book Room at Harrisburg, and Dr. and Mrs. Monroe, of this place. The occasion was a delightful one, thoroughly enjoyed by both guests and hosts.

CAMP FIRE EMBERS.

Soldier Preachers Contribute Their Logs to the Fire.

GENERAL GOOD FEELING WHILE THE FLAMES FLASH HIGH.

The camp-fire held under the auspices of Gregg Post, No. 95, in the pleasant rooms of that organization, on Monday evening, was fortunate in having an Ex-Department Commander Captain Austin Curtin to direct the comrades in starting the fire and keeping it blazing brightly.

Before the exercises began Comrade Williams distributed copies of the odes used by Gregg Post, No. 95, so all were supplied with the words of the music, and sung "America" with spirit, led by that musical minister, Rev. A. R. Cronce.

Rev. Comrade Daniel Hartman, perhaps the most aged minister present, but quite young in feelings and actions, led in the petition to the throne of grace, and the next musical selection was that sweet "Auld Lang Syne."

Commander Curtin made the opening remarks, commenting on the auspicious occasion and the fact that he had been called unexpectedly to preside. For this reason his speech would not be elaborate. He warmly welcomed the visiting ministers and alluded especially to the part they had taken in the war. Then he explained the nature of a camp fire and invited each one to throw on a log as they should be called on—even if it be but a chestnut timber. He first asked Comrade Hartman to speak.

That gentleman said that his retrospection of the war convinced him that it is regarded now as even more important than it was considered to be when it occurred. Recently, a trip through the South had revived memories of the war. He found in his travels that time has obliterated many of the evidences of the conflict, even the Rebel prisons. He visited the field of Apomattox and found the same change. He regretted to find the South behind the times and hoped that it would catch up with the age.

Rev. Dr. Crever delivered an earnest and thoughtful address. The rail which he contributed to the fire was of a solid and philosophical sort and burned steadily and tenaciously. This "soldier of the cross" remarked that it seems strange that such a sanguinary struggle should have taken place in a free country. Slavery at that time covered the shield of our liberties. It threatened the dominance of our government. Either slavery must perish or our institutions must go down. Slavery was the sum and soul of the fearful carnage through which our country passed. He was then in the city of Frederick, Md., and could understand the spirit which animated the South. When this "sum of all villainies," to use the language of Wesley, had been abrogated by the signing of the proclamation of the emancipation then the armies fought with better purpose.

He considers that there is an eminent fitness in the existence of the G. A. R. Not to perpetuate dynasties, but to keep in memory the spirit which led us to strike for

> "The green graves of our sires;
> God, and our native land,"

He was glad to see the ladies present and remembered their services in the war. He was also pleased to see the boys.

Comrade Joseph B. Shaver, who was with the Army of the Gulf and the Red River Expedition, responded to a call. He knew all the rigors of war—hard marches, shot and shell, etc., but at such times he remembered its sunshine. He told the company of the jolly times some Irishmen in his regiment had enjoyed. His speech was felicitous.

Comrade D. S. Keller, who was called on, did not know what had been said and hesitated to proceed lest he should tread on beaten paths. Comrades Shaver and Hicks interrupted him with remarks which disconcerted him somewhat. Finally, he banished levity and expressed the opinion that war was not an unmixed evil. In the course of his remarks he paid a tribute to the Methodist Episcopal church, which he could do with better grace because he was not a member of it. The tribute was his reference to the fact that in the conflict no one was in doubt as to the position that church took.

Rev. Comrade Stevens said he was not a member of the order, but his rail should be added to the fire. He narrated his feelings and sentiments at the time of war's first alarms. He expressed the apprehension he felt lest some other way than by emancipation would be attempted to settle the strife. After that the North did not lose one general battle.

The next preacher soldier to make the sparks fly higher was Comrade A. W. Decker. It was the music of the drum and fife, a three days inspection of the battlefield of Antietam and careful consideration of all that war means which fired his patriotism and courage. He gave notice from the pulpit of his determination to go to war and was accompanied by sixty others. Many of the men in his company were Christians and even in the army engaged in pleasant religious exercises. He related some of the humorous incidents of camp and field life.

Comrade W. G. Ferguson, of Duke street church, York, Pa., is a very bright, alert gentlemen and gave a wonderfully entertaining speech. He remarked that among his war experiences were some of an enviable description. For instance, there he enjoyed the soundest sleeps, eat the heartest meals, indulged in the most rapid riding of his life. There he also saw the prettiest girls, one of whom is now in the Duke street parsonage.

Comrade Owen Hicks was the one who led in the singing of "Marching through Georgia." He got off three stanzas in good style.

This was followed by a speech by a gentleman well known in Bellefonte—Comrade W. R. Whitney, of Altoona, Rev. Whitney proves by his actions that he is a devoted friend of the G. A. R., as he united with two Posts in this county and is now a member of another post in Altoona. He entered the army as a high private. Recognizing the fact that the veterans must soon pass away, he spoke a word in favor of organizing and encouraging the Junior Sons to perpetuate the spirit which the G. A. R., now does so much to instill.

The remarks made by Comrade C. L. Benscoter were listened to with delight. The greater part of his speech referred to the two kind of "Johnnies who were found in the war, and his experience with both, particularly the sort that infested some of the soldiers' clothing. In closing, he recited "The Old Canteen."

Comrade C. F. Dunning was too young to serve under the flag when the war began, but he remembered well how his heart was stirred and his patriotism aroused, impelling him to take the first opportunity to become a participant.

The musical minister, A. R. Cronce, repeatedly assured the G. A. R. of his love for them. But he compared any words he might utter to the check payable to the corpse which an individual had placed in the coffin of a dead companion as a testimony of his love. The check was worthless; so his speech would be.

Comrade Owen Hicks brought up the rear by introducing into his remarks some actual occurrences of the war which showed that sympathy existed even between the blue and the gray in the army. He also spoke of some of the musical efforts of the Yankees.

He could easily recall one hundred verses of one song, but spared his hearers the rendition of more than three. After touching upon the food of the army which had made him such a robust specimen of avoirdupois, he concluded. Then the meeting again sang "America," the dying embers of the camp fire were carefully covered, Rev. Dr. Crever pronounced the Benediction and all present repaired to the Presbyterian chapel."

Sunday Services in the Lutheran Church.

In the morning Rev. W. C. Hesser preached on the subject, "Jesus at prayer, alone on the mountain top."

The discourse was fresh, suggestive and hearty. It abounded in touches of beauty, and had strokes of genuine pathos. It was attended with the eloquence of a true and earnest Christian heart. Mr. Hesser's mind is of a philosophical turn, with a strong cast of poetic spirit and delicate sensibility. He is a very superior preacher, and evidently a man of versatility and liberal culture.

In the evening Rev. J. R. Dunkerly preached on "The nature and condition of acceptance with Christ."

The sermon was one of marked thoughtfulness, and like the morning one, eminently suggestive. Mr. Dunkerly is vigorous and effective both in composition and delivery. He is a young man of large promise for real ability and worth. If he is destined to get his dues in the church, there is eminence for him.

Mr. Steck is delighted with these brethren, and says he has not, for a long time, met two preachers of more genuine Christian manhood, or for whom he, at one conceived a higher respect.

Found Dead in Bed.

On Saturday morning last, Mrs. George Walk, who lived at Hannah Furnace in this county, was found dead in bed. Her husband awoke at the usual time and got up. He called his wife, who did not respond. Then he went near the bed to awake her and to his grief and surprise, found that she was cold in death. She had been subject to attacks of heart disease and rheumatism for many years past and one of these resulted in her sudden death. Her age was about 66 years. Her sudden death caused a shock of sorrow in the community. BALD EAGLE.

—Mr. Guggenheimer has greatly improved the interior appearance of his store room in the Bush Arcade. Handsome new paper covers the walls and ceiling, giving it a pleasant effect. It is so neat and pretty inside that very many customers should be attracted to it.

THE HOME.

CHANCELLOR SIMS' LECTURE—A MAGNIFICENT PRODUCTION.

Many hundred people, at 25 cents per head, greeted Dr. C. N. Sims, Chancellor of Syracuse University, on Saturday evening. Prayer was offered by Rev. John Donahue, who also introduced the speaker. The reverend gentleman, who is large and portly, with a broad pleasant countenance, unadorned by any sign of either beard or moustache, stepped slowly to the front and began his lecture. His subject, he said, dealt with familiar things, but they were by no means trivial. I propose to show how home may be so builded that an angel may stay in it forever without getting home-sick for Heaven. Every man's home, in his affections is large enough to hold the whole world. The Englishman in his ideas and practice approaches nearest the true idea of home. So much does he love it that to him there is little in the world outside of it.

Houses are related to the home-precisely as the shell of the nut is related to the kernel. The one is supposed to contain the other, but that is by no means certain. Houses are cheap. They can be built of such materials as wood, stone, brick, paint and such things as are found in the market; not so with the homes. No money can purchase the essentials that go to make up the home. Houses sometimes represent the industry of the owner, sometimes of the owners' father or his father in-law. Homes represent qualities which we must possess. The house has not very much in itself; is not morally very significant. Houses are the stages where the comedies and tragedies of life are enacted. There was a fabled palace which was said to retain in its walls everything that had been spoken within it Affection, trust and sympathy are the qualities which can produce a true home. The moral power of the home is inestimable. Put all the influence of the church, Sunday school and other organizations on one side of the scales and the influence of home on the other and home will outweigh all the others whether it be for good or evil. A well ordered home is a place of power; a place where generous thoughts and affections have their abiding place. It is a place of unselfish labor—duty performed for others. In the centre of it is the family altar and around it the home grows.

The lecturer described the average courtship. How the young people, during its progress, become only partially acquainted with each other, and each considers the other the ideal of perfection. They sit in the parlor, talk of the most recent event and read poetry from a blue and gold bound volume. It is after marriage that they become acquainted and not till then. In all marriages that are of the proper kind each succeeding year of married life must be happier than the preceeding one. This is beautifully illustrated in the way the wedding celebrations are arranged, viz: Wooden, tin, china, crystal, silver and gold—each succeeding anniversary increasing in value until at 75 naught but diamond can be found to adequately represent its glory.

In order that happiness may increase there must be mutual confidence—the resolve to accept the situation exactly as it is.

There must be an assimilation of character. The lecturer used words and illustrations of the surpassing beauty to show how characters and even appearance are assimilated. Husband and wife smile at the same pleasures, are pained by the same sorrows—thus the lines of their countenances become the same.

His remarks in regard to cards, dancing, etc., in their relation to the home were so strong as to elicit involuntary exclamations of "good, good." He would bring nothing into the home which would have a tendency to associate its inmates with society beneath them. He also described what he considers the meanest man in the world—he who will in his business, during the entire day, present the most smiling and pleasant exterior to those with whom he transacts business and reserve his scowls and ill-manners for the loved ones at home—the only ones who cannot resent it by knocking him down. The lecture throughout was truly magnificent.

The Vicarious Sufferings of Christ.

Chancellor Sims, of Syracuse University delighted an immense congregation by the sermon in the Presbyterian church on Sunday afternoon. In our opinion it even surpassed in interest and attractiveness his lecture of Saturday evening. It was on the subject of the "Vicarious Sufferings of Christ," and his text he selected from the 53d chapter of Isaiah, the 6th verse—"But he was wounded for our transgressions, he was bruised for our iniquities; the chastisement of our peace was upon him: and with his stripes we are healed."

Dr. Sims said that the entire Scriptures teach that the innocent must die for the sins of others and the guilty must go free. This idea is combatted by some as wrong, but we find it illustrated in all our relations of life. The man elected to responsible office, the criminal at the bar of justice and many other circumstances in which humanity is placed are examples of this. Some innocent person—some one not at all connected with the crime or responsibility—must pledge his honor and riches for the good conduct or honesty of the person directly concerned. He laid down the rule that through the innocent suffering for the guilty the evil of the offense or sin is more clearly shown. This he illustrated very vividly and conclusively. His sermon throughout was touching and strong, holding the undivided attention of his auditors.

After the sermon five gentlemen were ordained to the office of elder. This was done by the Bishop using an impressive ritual and being aided by the Rev. Dr. Monroe of the M. E. church, and Laurie of the Presbyterian church. The names of the gentlemen thus inducted to elders orders were given in Saturday's report of the proceedings of conference. The service lasted until about 5 o'clock.

The Capital Coming.

BELLEFONTE TO BE THE LOCATION FOR THE STATE LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE BUILDINGS.

Many years ago, when the *Bellefonte Republican* first mentioned General Jas. A. Beaver as a candidate for Governor the proposal was received with favor by gentlemen of influence in the Republican party and in the next State Convention the General's name was proposed and he received twelve or thirteen votes. It was not many years afterwards that he became Governor.

Of course, for many years past Bellefonte has been among the places mentioned for the State Capitol buildings, if a change of location should be made. After the bill now pending to provide appropriations for new buildings was introduced this paper was the first to make serious mention of Bellefonte as the best location The proposal has been received with great favor, the only opponents to it being the Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*, which wants the Capitol buildings in that city, and some paper in New York State, which cannot of course exert much influence in locating Pennsylvania's Capitol.

Will it involve any additional expense to locate the Capitol buildings here? Absolutely none at all. Indeed, the considerations of economy are in favor of Bellefonte—for the following reasons:

The ground on which the Capitol buildings are located at present was donated to the State for that particular purpose and at once when they cease to be the site of the State buildings they revert back to the heirs of those who donated them. Parties in this place stand ready to donate to the State a larger and better site and on similar terms. The initiatory legislation looking to Bellefonte as the location has already been commenced. The railroad facilities of Bellefonte are unexcelled and are rapidly becoming better. Soon Bellefonte will be in direct communication by rail with every city, village and hamlet in the State. The natural beauties, moral and social attractions and numerous other advantages are widely known. Can any one mention a reason why, if there must be new Capitol buildings, Bellefonte should not be the location for them?

—What an efficient gentleman Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., seems to be in any capacity. The duties devolving upon him during Conference week were very laborious, and because of his great knowledge of all the details and management of such gatherings he was perhaps more in demand than any other person connected with it. If anything was to be done or any information given Dr. Monroe was the person to whom everyone went, and they very seldom met with disappointment. Not once, during the week, did Dr. Monroe seem to be disturbed or excited, but was equal to every emergency. The Conference was a great success and Rev. Dr. Monroe was certainly a wonderfully efficient agent in making it so.

—We have frequently mentioned the Pittsburg *Dispatch* in terms of praise. The general excellence of the paper, which we notice whenever we look at it, elicits our admiration. It is so enterprising in its news gathering and excellent correspondence as to make it one of the most valuable newspapers in Pennsylvania for any reader. The Sunday edition is equal to any similar publication in the State and has reached a very large circulation—said to be from 31,000 to 35,000. Centre county readers, who want a city paper, can not make a better selection.

—Operations at the glass works are being carried on very smoothly and satisfactorily. A sufficient quantity of glass has been manufactured to begin cutting and that part of the business will be put in operation to-day. Some trial cutting was in process to-day and it was found that the glass cuts very exact and easy. The glass manufactured at the Bellefonte factory will be more than ever a favorite in the market and sales at good prices will be made as rapidly as it can be manufactured.

—In the Redpath Concert Company, to be here next Saturday evening, the people will find the finest musical organization which ever visited this place. The members of the company are real ladies and gentlemen and do not follow the business regularly of giving public entertainments, but have bardes themselves together only temporarily. No music lover should miss this opportunity. Engage a seat at once.

Personal Pencilings.

John Bartruff started on a western trip Monday evening.

D. S. Dunham, of Howard, is spending this week in town.

Mrs. David Kennedy, of Jersey Shore, is visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Mrs. W. L. Malin is a guest of Mrs. Beaver at the Executive Mansion, Harrisburg.

Adjutant General Hastings was a passenger on the out-going train at 5 p. m. on Monday.

A. A. Dale, Esq., was an interested listener at the Camp fire exercises on Monday evening.

Miss Bennett, of Lewisburg, Pa., is a guest of her friend, Mrs. H. B. Pontius, on Curtin street.

W. B. Miller, of Speece, Miller & Co., Philadelphia, visited Bellefonte business men Wednesday.

Misses Mollie and Annie Colburn, of Sinnemahoning, Pa., are guests at the home of Capt. George Bayard.

Miss Mame Foster, daughter of Rev. M. K. Foster, of Huntingdon, is the guest of Miss Ollie, daughter of Mr. James Mitchell, of Spring street.

Mr. William Tobin, of Alliance, Ohio, the representative of the troupe which will play, "Hans, the German Detective," was in Bellefonte on Monday.

Miss Mame Tripple and Miss Kate Stott, two of Bellefonte's particularly pleasing young ladies, spent Sunday with the family of Mr. Joe W. Furey, in Lock Haven.

Mr. Mitchell Gardner, book keeper for Valentines Store Co., Lim., will depart next Friday for his home in Howard, where he has accepted a position in the employ of Mr. Lauth of the ironworks.

Rev. J. Benson Akers, of Bellwood, is writing the regular reports of the conference which appear in this paper. His acquaintance with conference and the gentlemen who compose it is unlimited, and his reports will be very valuable.

Miss Lizzie Jack, late of Boalsburg, is visiting her friend, Miss Lydia Johnston, of this place. Miss Jack is now on her way to a permanent home in Kansas. Her many friends in this vicinity are exceedingly sorry to part with her.

Rev. Mr. Foster, pastor of the Mifflinburg Presbyterian church, spent this morning in Bellefonte, departing on the 2 o'clock p. m. train for State College where his relatives reside. He is taking advantage of a few days rest from the arduous pastoral duties of the winter.

Mr. A. S. Marshall, of this place, is about to depart for Kansas and other parts of the West to look for a place to locate his home. He will not take his family with him for some time. We trust that he will find a place where he and his family can be both comfortable and prosperous.

AMERICAN engineering has met with a serious loss in the death of James B. Eads. He was a man of gigantic scope and some of his practical accomplishments are stupendous. The Father of Waters and its tributaries have been the scenes of his most active endeavor and here he met with his most distinguished success. The St. Louis bridge and jetties at the mouth of the Mississippi will perpetuate his name, although had he lived, it is quite possible that his wonderful conception, the ship railway across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, would have been completed and eclipsed all the former of his works.

—Rev. A. R. Miller, of the M. E. conference, preached in the Reformed church on Sunday morning from the text in John 3:16, "For God so loved the world, that he gave His only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish but have everlasting life." He spoke on the three points—the extent of God's love, its intensity and its results.

—The smoke stack erected by the Bellefonte Iron Company at the furnace is now about 160 feet high, and it is the delight of boys to climb up inside of it to the top. Not yet being bricked up inside, it shakes visibly. It will be 172 feet high, the loftiest in the country.

—Mr. John Rankin, of Los Angeles, California, in his most recent letter, says that he is now at work in the National Bank of that city, having easily and quickly secured an excellent position. He is feeling well physically and is in excellent spirits.

—Braddock's *Sun*, of the 12th instant, contained the following: "Mr. Arthur Valentine, head clerk for Carnegie Bros & Co., in Pittsburg, was in Braddock on Wednesday." Arthur is a son of our excellent citizen, Mr. A. S. Valentine.

—To "W. H. H.," of Washington, D. C., who was so good as to send the writer the Senatoral edition of the *National Republican*, his thanks are due. It is a most elegant edition, a triumph of American journalism.

—H. Y. Stitzer has located his bookstore in the vacant room formerly occupied by Brown's grocery on Bishop street.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has contributed toward the monument to be erected to the memory of Thos. A. Hendricks.